



# **SLCS Programming Manual**

# **BARCODE PRITNER**

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**Rev. 1.00**

**PV3**

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## **1. Foreword**

In this chapter, the basic concept of SLCS and some information necessary for the programmer to use SLCS will be explained. Please read this part before starting programming for efficient and easy use of SATO BARCODE PRINTERS.

We at SATO maintain ongoing efforts to enhance and upgrade the functions and quality of all our products. In following, product specifications and/or user manual content may be changed without prior notice.

## **1-1 Image Buffer Configuration**

### **1) Maximum size**

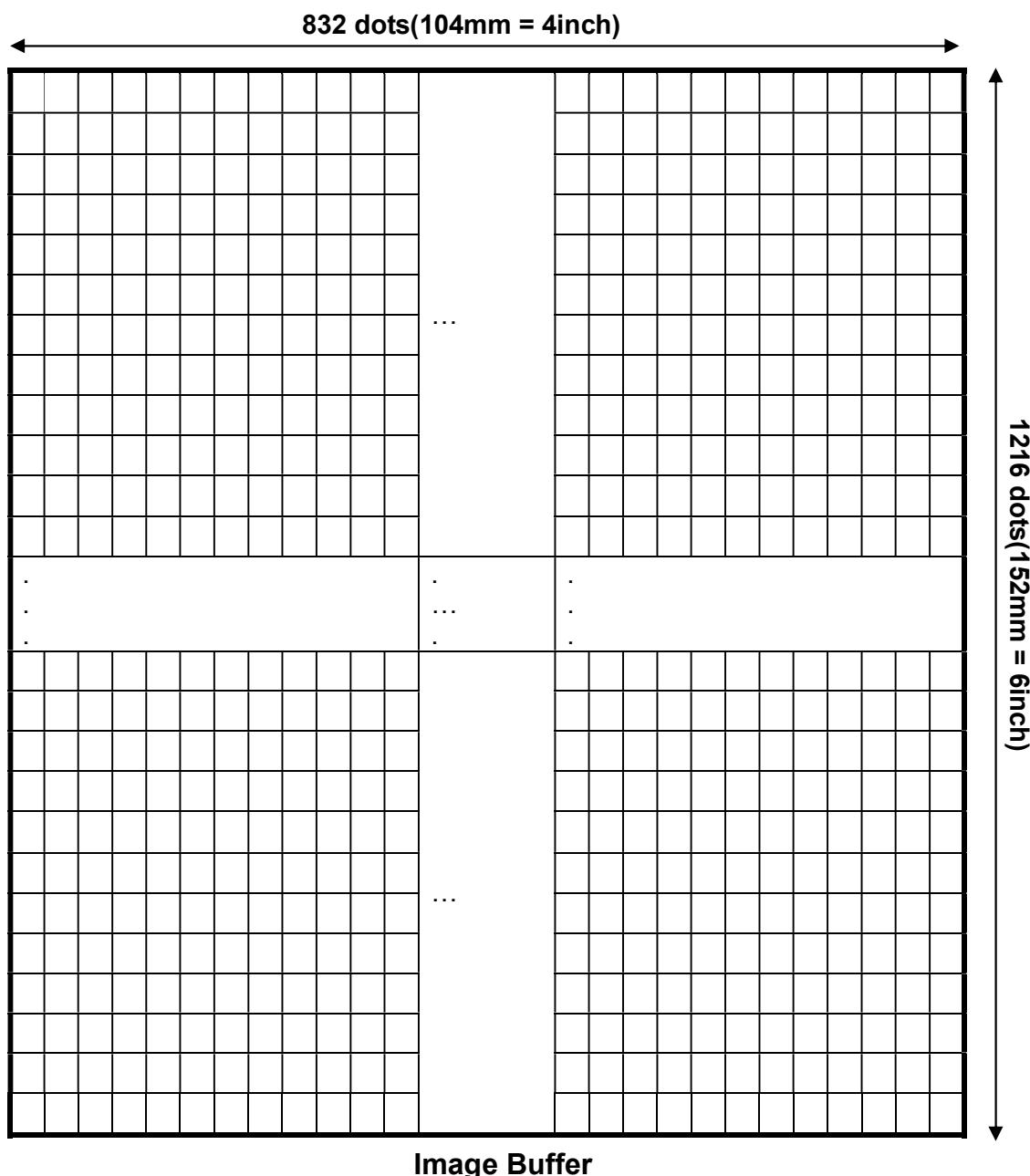
#### **A) When using Double Buffering Function**

832dots × 1216dots (104mm × 152mm) = 4 inch × 6 inch

#### **B) When using Single Buffering Function**

832dots × 2432dots (104mm × 304mm) = 4 inch × 12 inch

### **2) Dot size : 0.125mm(W) × 0.125mm(H) (203dpi)**



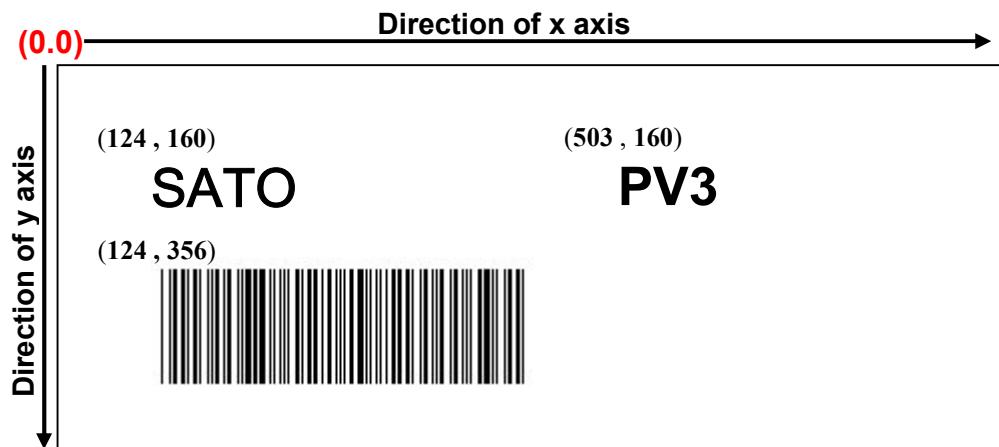
**1-2 Information for calculating position on image buffer****1) Relation between position and number of dots**

Inch	mm	dots	Resolution
0.04	1	8	203 dpi
0.40	10.00	80	
1.00	25.40	203	
1.25	31.75	254	
1.50	38.10	305	
1.75	44.45	355	
2.00	50.80	406	
2.25	57.15	457	
2.50	63.50	508	
2.75	69.85	556	
3.00	76.20	610	
4.00	101.6	813	

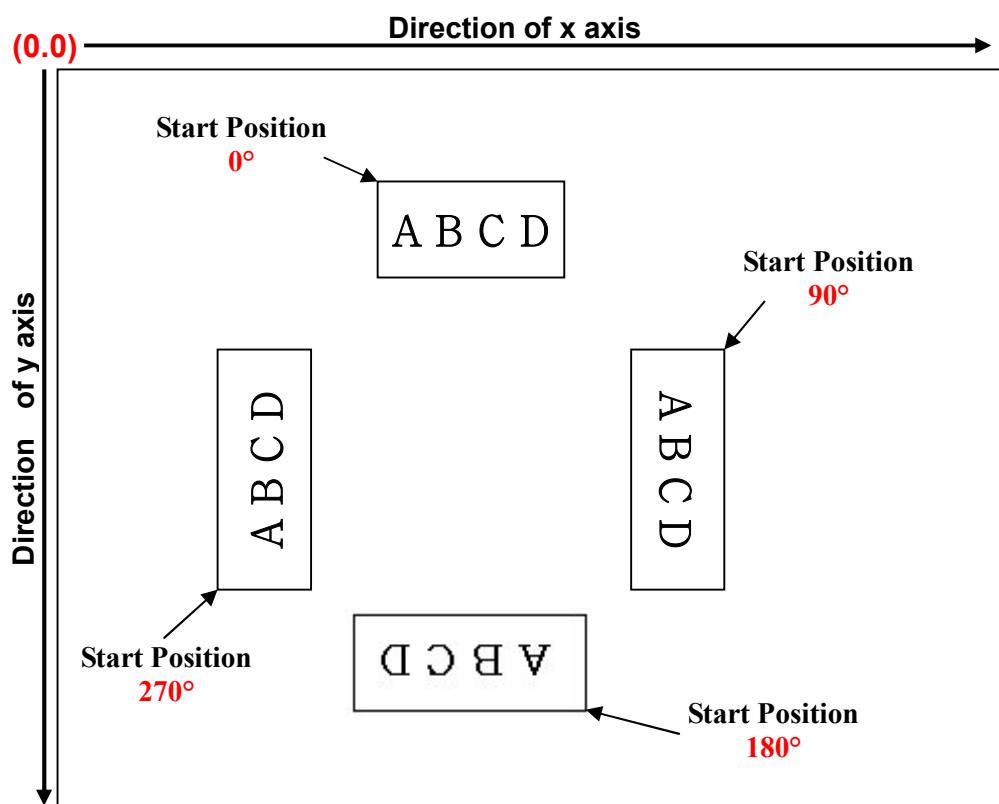
**2) Font Information**

Font name	Width × Height (dots)
0	09 × 15
1	12 × 20
2	16 × 25
3	19 × 30
4	24 × 38
5	32 × 50
6	48 × 76
7	22 × 34
8	28 × 44
9	37 × 58
Korean a	16 × 16(ascii:9×15)
Korean b	24 × 24(ascii:12×24)
Korean c	20 × 20(ascii:12×20)
Korean d	26 × 26(ascii:16×30)
Korean e	20 × 26(ascii:16×30)
Korean f	38 × 38(ascii:22×34)
GB2312 m	24 × 24(ascii:12×24)
BIG5 n	24 × 24(ascii:12×24)
Vector	Scalable

3) Example of text and barcode



4) Example of rotation



**1-3 Command List**

Command	Description	Remarks	Page
<b>1. Commands for Designing Label</b>			
T	Text	Draw text string on the image buffer	
V	Text (Vector Font)	Draw text string on the image buffer	
B1	1d barcode	Draw 1D Barcode on the image buffer	
B2	2d barcode	Draw 2D Barcode on the image buffer	
B3	Special barcode	Draw special barcode on the image buffer	
BD	Block Draw	Draw line or box on the image buffer	
CD	Circle Draw	Draw circle on the image buffer	
CS	Character Set selection	Select international code table	
P	Print	Start printing the content of image buffer	
<b>2. Media &amp; Buffer related Commands</b>			
ST	Set Print Type	Select Thermal Direct / Transfer printing	
SM	Set Margin	Set the marginal value of the image buffer	
SF	Set Back-feed Option	Set back-feeding option	
SL	Set Label Length	Set length of label	
SW	Set Label Width	Set length of label	
SB	Set Buffer mode	Enable or Disable double buffering function	
CB	Clear Buffer	Clear image buffer	
<b>3. Printer Setting Commands</b>			
SS	Set Speed	Set printing speed	
SD	Set Density	Set printing density from level 0 to 20	
SO	Set Orientation	Set printing direction	
SP	Set serial Port	Set serial port configurations	
SA	Set Offset	Set offset value	
TA	Set Tear-off/Cut	Set Tear-off/Cut value	
<b>4. Variable related Commands</b>			
SC	Set Counter	Used in Template sequence	
AC	Set Counter	Used in normal mode	
SV	Set Variable	Used in Template sequence	
?	Get variables	Get content of variables and counters	
PV	Print with Variable	Use this command in Template	

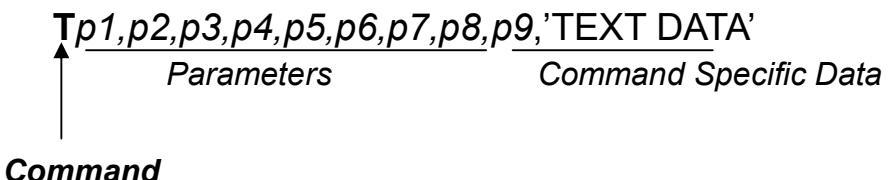
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<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Remarks</b>	<b>Page</b>
<b>5. Template Related Commands</b>			
<b>TS</b>	Template store Start	All contents between these commands are saved in printer memory	
<b>TE</b>	Template store End		
<b>TR</b>	Template Recall	Load and reuse the stored Template	
<b>TD</b>	Template Delete	Delete stored Template from printer memory	
<b>TI</b>	Template Information	Print the list of currently stored Templates	
<b>6. Image Data Related Commands</b>			
<b>IS</b>	Image Store	PCX format image file can be stored	
<b>IR</b>	Image Recall	Load and reuse the stored image	
<b>ID</b>	Image Delete	Delete stored image	
<b>II</b>	Image Information	Print the list of currently stored images	
<b>LD</b>	Bitmap data draw	Draw bitmap image data on the image buffer	
<b>LC</b>	Compression bitmap data draw	Draw compression bitmap image data on specific position of image buffer	
<b>BMP</b>	BMP format file draw	Draw BMP format file on the image buffer	
<b>7. Downloadable Font Related Commands</b>			
<b>DT</b>	Download True Type font	Windows system font used	
<b>DD</b>	Downloadable font Delete	Delete downloaded font	
<b>DI</b>	Downloadable font Information	Print the list of currently stored images	
<b>8. The Others</b>			
<b>@</b>	Reset printer	Initialize the printer	
<b>PI</b>	Printer Information	Print current setting of printer	
<b>CUT</b>	Enable/Disable Cutter option	Cutting is executed after Printing is finished if cutting option is enabled by this command	
<b>^cp</b>	Check Printer Status	Return 2 bytes status values to host	
<b>^cu</b>	Check Printer Status	Return 1 byte status value to host	
<b>^PI</b>	Send Printer information	Send various information to host	

## **1-4 Programming Considerations**

1) All commands are case-sensitive and some commands require one or more parameters and 'Data'.

2) Command Conventions



3) Each command line must be terminated with a 'CR'(0Dh, 13) + 'LF'(0Ah,10).

4) The commands which draw text, barcode, lines... just draw on the image buffer, they do not start printing. The printer will start printing when the P command comes.

---

### **! Caution**

**The 'P' command must be terminated by 'CR'(0x0d). If not, the printer will not start printing until 'CR' comes.**

---

## **2. Detail Description**

### **2-1 Commands for Designing a Label**

These commands are used to design a label by providing text, barcode, line, box... and to print content of image buffer on media.

#### **1) T**

Draw **Text String** on the image buffer.

#### **2) V**

Draw **Text (Vector Font) String** on the image buffer.

#### **3) B1**

Draw **1D Barcode** on the image buffer.

#### **4) B2**

Draw **2D Barcode** on the image buffer.

#### **5) B3**

Draw **Special Barcode** on the image buffer.

#### **6) BD**

Draw **Line, Block, Box & Slope** on the image buffer.

#### **7) CD**

Draw **Circle** on the image buffer.

#### **8) CS**

Set Code page and ICS(International Character Set).

#### **9) P**

Start printing the content of the image buffer.

**2-1-1 T (Text String)****Description**

Draw text string on the image buffer

**Syntax**

**Tp1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,(p10),'DATA'**

**Parameters**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : Font selection

Value	Font Size(pt)	Width × Height(dots)
0	6	9 × 15
1	8	12 × 20
2	10	16 × 25
3	12	19 × 30
4	15	24 × 38
5	20	32 × 50
6	30	48 × 76
7	14	22 × 34
8	18	28 × 44
9	24	37 × 58
a	KOREAN 1	16 × 16 (ascii 9×15)
b	KOREAN 2	24 × 24 (ascii 12×24)
c	KOREAN 3	20 × 20 (ascii 12×20)
d	KOREAN 4	26 × 26 (ascii 16×30)
e	KOREAN 5	20 × 26 (ascii 16×30)
f	KOREAN 6	38 × 38 (ascii 22×34)
m	GB2312	24 × 24 (ascii 12×24)
n	BIG5	24 × 24 (ascii 12×24)
j	Shift JIS	24 × 24 (ascii 12×24)

◆ A to Z are assigned to Downloadable font. Refer to *DT* command.

**p4** : Horizontal multiplier : 1 ~ 4

**p5** : Vertical multiplier : 1 ~ 4

**p6** : Right-side character spacing [dot]

Plus(+)/Minus(-) option can be used. Ex) 5, +3, -10...

**p7** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

**p8** : Reverse printing

N : Normal printing

R : Reverse printing

**p9** : Bold

N : Normal

B : Bold

**p10** : Text Alignment(Optional)

F : p1 means the position of the first character in text string - **Left alignment**

L : p1 means the position of the last character in text string - **Right alignment**

R: Write text sting form right to left.

(SATO → OTAS)

**♣ This parameter is for alignment of text lines.**

**'DATA'** : The various data types can be used in the data field as followings.

1) Fixed text string : ' Text String'

2) Variables declared in template by **SV** command : **Vnn**

3) Counters declared by the **SC** command : **Cn**

**♣ 1) , 2) and 3) can be mixed together**

## **Example**

T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,' SATO Label Printer'

T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Manufacturer :'V00

T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,V00

T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Manufacturer :'C0

T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,C0

**♣ If you want to print ' or \ then you must type like \\' or \\ .**

## **Example**

```
SM20,20
T26,20,0,0,0,0,N,N,'Font- 6 pt'
T26,49,1,0,0,0,N,N,'Font - 8 pt'
T26,81,2,0,0,0,N,N,'Font - 10 pt'
T26,117,3,0,0,0,N,N,'Font - 12 pt'
T26,156,4,0,0,0,N,N,'Font - 15 pt'
T26,200,5,0,0,0,N,N,'Font - 20 pt'
T26,252,6,0,0,0,N,N,'Font - 30 pt'
```

**P1**

## **Result**

```
Font – 6 pt
Font – 8 pt
Font – 10 pt
Font – 12 pt
Font – 15 pt
Font – 20 pt
Font – 30 pt
```

**2-1-2 V (Text String Vector Font)****Description**

Draw text (Vector Font) string on the image buffer

**Syntax**

**Vp1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12, 'DATA'**

**Parameters**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : Font selection

U: ASCII (1Byte code)

K: KS5601 (2Byte code)

B: BIG5 (2Byte code)

G: GB2312 (2Byte code)

J: Shift-JIS (2Byte code)

a: OCR-A (1Byte code)

b: OCR-B (1Byte code)

**p4** : Font width (W)[dot]

**p5** : Font height (H)[dot]

**p6** : Right-side character spacing [dot]

Plus (+)/Minus (-) option can be used. Ex) 5, +3, -10...

**p7** : Bold

N : Normal

B : Bold

**p8** : Reverse printing

N: Normal printing

R: Reverse printing

**p9** : Text style

N: Normal

I: Italic

**p10** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

**p11**: Text Alignment (Optional)

L: p1 means the position of the first character in the text string - Left alignment

R: p1 means the position of the last character in the text string - Right alignment

C: p1 means the position of the center character in the text string - Center alignment

### p12: Text string write direction

0: Write text string form left to right (SATO)

1: Write text string form right to left (OTAS)

**'DATA':** The various data types can be used in the data field as follows.

1) Fixed text string: 'Text String'

2) Variables declared in template by **SV** command: **Vnn**

3) Counters declared by the **SC** command: **Cn**

**\* 1), 2), and 3) can be mixed together.**

#### **Example**

```
V50,100,U,25,25,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'SATO Label Printer'  
V50,200,U,35,35,-1,N,N,N,0,L,0, 'Manufacturer :'V00  
V50,300,U,35,35,+1,B,R,I,0,L,0, V00  
V50,400,U,45,25,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test' C0  
V50,500,U,25,45,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0, C0
```

---

**\* To print ' or \, \ or \ must be typed.**

---

## **Example**

```
V50,100,U,25,25,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'  
V50,200,U,35,35,-1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'  
V50,300,U,35,35,+1,B,R,I,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test '  
V50,400,U,45,25,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'  
V50,500,U,25,45,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'  
V50,700,U,65,65,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO'  
V50,900,U,65,65,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'abcdefghijklmno'  
P1
```

## **Result**



## 2-1-3 B1 (1 Dimensional bar code)

**Description**

Draw 1D Barcode on the image buffer

**Syntax**

**B1p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,(p9),'DATA'**

**Parameters**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : Barcode selection

<b>p3</b>	<b>Barcode</b>	<b>p3</b>	<b>Barcode</b>
0	Code39	9	UCC/EAN128
1	Code128	10	Code11
2	Interleaved 2of5	11	Planet
3	Codabar	12	Industrial 2of5
4	Code93	13	Standard 2of5
5	UPC-A	14	Logmars
6	UPC-E	15	UPC/EAN Extensions
7	EAN13	16	Postnet
8	EAN8		

**p4** : Narrow bar width [dot]

**p5** : Wide bar width [dot]

**p6** : Barcode height [dot]

**p7** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

**p8** : HRI (Human Readable Interpretation)

0 : Not printed

1 : Below the barcode(Font Size : 1)

2 : Above the barcode(Font Size : 1)

3 : Below the barcode(Font Size : 2)

4 : Above the barcode(Font Size : 2)

5 : Below the barcode(Font Size : 3)

6 : Above the barcode(Font Size : 3)

7 : Below the barcode(Font Size : 4)

8 : Above the barcode(Font Size : 4)

**(p9)** : quiet zone width(optional) : 0 ~ 20

- 
- ♣ Quiet zone is added to the front and end of the barcode for safe scanning.  
Because of the quiet zone, the barcode seems to be seen drawn in incorrect position. If p9 is not used, the printer automatically sets parameter to 0.
  - Quiet zone with = p9 × narrow bar width(p4)**
- 

**'DATA'** : The various data types can be used in the data field as followings.

- 1) Fixed text string : ' Text String'
- 2) Variable declared in template by **SV** command : **Vnn**
- 3) Counter declared by the **SC** command : **Cn**
- 4) In the Code 128, when send data to printer if codeset selection commands (>A,>B,>C) will be used codeset can be selected.

By using **>A**, Codeset will be set Codeset A.

By using **>B**, Codeset will be set Codeset B.

By using **>C**, Codeset will be set Codeset C.

If Codeset select command is not used, automatically set to Auto-mode.

- ♣ 1) , 2) and 3) can be used together

### **Example**

```
B178,196,0,2,6,100,0,0,'1234567890'  
B178,196,0,2,6,100,0,0,V00  
B178,196,0,2,6,100,0,0,C0  
B178,196,1,2,6,100,0,0,'>A1234567890'  
B178,196,1,2,6,100,0,0,'>B1234567890'  
B178,196,1,2,6,100,0,0,'>C1234567890>A5'
```

## **Example**

SM20,20

**B178,196,0,2,6,100,0,0,'1234567890'**

**// Caution:The position is not (178,196) but  
(78,196)**

**B150,468,0,4,10,200,0,0,'1234567890'**

P1

## **Result**



## 2-1-4 B2 (2 Dimensional bar code)

### Description

Draw 2D Barcode on the image buffer

### Syntax

**B2p1,p2,p3.....'DATA'**

### Parameters

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : 2D barcode selection

<b>p3</b>	<b>2D Barcode</b>
M	MaxiCode
P	PDF417
Q	QR Code
D	Data Matrix
A	Aztec
F	Code 49
C	CODEBLOCK
B	Micro-PDF

**◆◆ Following parameters (p4, p5 .... ,Data) are barcodes-specific.**

**See the following pages for details of each 2D barcodes.**

**Maxicode(When p3 is M)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : M (means 'Maxicode')

**p4** : Mode selection

<b>p4</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	Mode0
2	Mode2
3	Mode3
4	Mode4

'DATA' : Data format is dependent on 'Mode'

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Data Format</b>
0	
2 or 3	'cl,co,pc,lpm'
4	'lpm'

cl : Class Code(3 digits)

co : Country Code(3digits)

Mode2 : Numeric Characters

Mode3 : International Characters

pc : Postal Code

lpm : Low priority message(data)

**Example****1)Mode 0**

**B2200,200,M,0,'999,840,06810,7317,THIS IS A TEST OF MODE 0 STRUCTURED CARRIER MESSAGE ENCODING. THIS IS AN 84 CHAR MSG'**

**2)Mode 2**

**B2200,200,M,2,'999,840,06810,7317,THIS IS A TEST OF SATOPV3 LABEL PRINTER MODE 2 ENCODING. THIS IS AN 84 CHAR.'**

**3)Mode3**

**B2200,200,M,3,'999,056,B1050,7317,THIS IS A TEST OF SATOPV3 LABEL PRINTER MODE 3 ENCODING. THIS IS AN 84 CHAR.'**

**4)Mode4**

**B2200,200,M,4,'THIS IS A 93 CHARACTER CODE SET A MESSAGE THAT FILLS A MODE 4, UNAPPENDED, MAXICODE SYMBOL...'**

**PDF417(When p3 is P)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : P (means 'PDF417')

**p4** : Maximum Row Count : 3 ~ 90

**p5** : Maximum Column Count : 1 ~ 30

**p6** : Error Correction level

<b>p6</b>	<b>EC Level</b>	<b>EC Codeword</b>
0	0	2
1	1	4
2	2	8
3	3	16
4	4	32
5	5	64
6	6	128
7	7	256
8	8	512

**p7** : Data compression method

<b>p7</b>	<b>Data Type</b>	<b>Compression</b>
0	Text	2 Characters per codeword
1	Numeric	2.93 Characters per codeword
2	Binary	1.2 Bytes per codeword

**p8** : HRI

0 : Not Printed

1 : Below the barcode

**p9** : Barcode origin point

0 : Center of barcode

1 : Upper left corner of barcode(default)

**p10** : Module Width : 2 ~ 9

**p11** : Bar Height : 4 ~ 99

**p12** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B2100,750,P,30,5,0,0,1,1,3,10,0,' SATOPV3 Label Printer' // The position is (100,750)**

**QR Code(When p3 is Q)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : Q (means 'QR Code')

**p4** : MODEL selection

1 : MODEL1

2 : MODEL2

**p5** : ECC Level

<b>p6</b>	<b>Recovery Rate</b>
L	7%
M	15%
Q	25%
H	30%

**p6** : Barcode Size : 1~4

**p7** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B2**200,100,Q,2,M,4,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMN1234567890' // The position is (200,100)

**Data Matrix(When p3 is D)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : D (the ECC 200 data quality format)

**p4** : Barcode Size : 1 ~ 4;

**P5** : Reverse

N : Normal

R : Reverse(or Inverse) – Reverse Video or Negative image

**p6** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B2200,100,D,2,N**, SATOPV3 Label Printer'

// The position is (200,100)

**Aztec Barcode(When p3 is A)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : A (means 'Aztec Bar Code')

**p4** : Barcode Size: 1~10

**p5** : Extended channel interpretation code

    0 : Disable Extended channel interpretation code

    1 : Enable Extended channel interpretation code

**p6** : Error control and symbol size/type

<b>Value</b>	<b>Error control and symbol size/type</b>
0	Default error correction level
1 ~ 99	Error correction percentage
101 ~ 104	1 ~ 4 layer compact symbol
201 ~ 232	1 ~ 32 layer full range symbol
300	Simple Aztec "Rune"

**p7** : Menu symbol

    0 : Disable Menu symbol

    1 : Enable Menu symbol

**p8** : Number of symbols for structured append: 1 ~ 26

**p9** : Optional ID field for structured append: ID field string (Maximum 24 character)

**p10** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B2100,100,A,5,0,0,0,1,1,0,'THIS IS AZTEC BARCODE TESTTHIS IS AZTEC BARCODE TEST'**

**B2400,100,A,7,0,0,0,1,1,1,'THIS IS AZTEC BARCODE TESTTHIS IS AZTEC BARCODE TEST'**

**Code 49 Barcode(When p3 is F)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : F (means 'Code 49 barcode')

**p4** : Narrow bar width [dot]

**p5** : Wide bar width [dot]

**p6** : Barcode height [dot]

**p7** : HRI

0 : Not Printed

1 : Below the barcode

2 : Above the barcode

**p8** : Starting mode

Value	Rotation
0	Regular Alphanumeric Mode
1	Multiple Read Alphanumeric
2	Regular Numeric Mode
3	Group Alphanumeric Mode
4	Regular Alphanumeric Shift 1
5	Regular Alphanumeric Shift 2
7	Automatic Mode

**p9** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B2100,100,F,2,7,22,1,7,0,'12345ABC'**

**B2300,200,F,2,7,44,2,7,0,'12345ABC'**

**B2500,300,F,2,7,66,1,7,0,'12345ABC'**

**B2100,400,F,1,3,88,0,7,0,'12345ABC'**

**CODABLOCK Barcode(When p3 is C)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : C (means 'CODABLOCK barcode')

**p4** : Narrow bar width [dot]

**p5** : Wide bar width [dot]

**p6** : Barcode height [dot]

**p7** : Security level

0 : Disable

1 : Enable

**p8** : Number of characters per row (data columns): 2~62

**p9** : Mode

Value	Description
A	CODABLOCK A mode uses the Code 39 character set
E	CODABLOCK E mode uses the Code 128 character set
F	CODABLOCK F mode uses the Code 128 character set and Automatically adds Function 1.(FNC1)

**p10** : Number of rows to encode

Mode	Value
A	1 ~ 18
E	2 ~ 4
F	2 ~ 4

**p11** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B210,100,C,2,5,30,0,30,F,4,0,'SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123 SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123 SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123 SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123'**

**B210,400,C,2,5,30,0,30,E,4,0,' SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123 SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123 SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123 SATOPV3 BARCODE TEST 123'**

**B210,600,C,2,6,10,0,10,A,18,0,'123'**

**Micro-PDF417 Barcode(When p3 is B)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : B (means 'Micro-PDF417 barcode')

**p4** : Module width : 2 ~ 8

**p5** : Barcode height [dot] : 1 ~ 99

**p6** : Mode : 0 ~ 33

(Refer to Mirco-PDF417 Mode Table on next page)

**p7** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B2100,100,B,2,3,12,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMN1234567890'**

**B2100,300,B,2,3,20,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMN1234567890'**

**B2100,600,B,4,4,16,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMN1234567890'**

**B2100,900,B,2,6,8,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMN1234567890'**

**\*\*\*\*\* Mirco-PDF417 Mode Table \*\*\*\*\***

Mode (M)	Number of Data Columns	Number of Data Rows	% of Cws for EC	Max Alpha Characters	Max Digits	Remarks
0	1	11	64	6	8	
1	1	14	50	12	17	
2	1	17	41	18	26	
3	1	20	40	22	32	
4	1	24	33	30	44	
5	1	28	29	38	55	
6	2	8	50	14	20	
7	2	11	41	24	35	
8	2	14	32	36	52	
9	2	17	29	46	67	
10	2	20	28	56	82	
11	2	23	28	64	93	
12	2	26	29	72	105	
13	3	6	67	10	14	
14	3	8	58	18	26	
15	3	10	53	26	38	
16	3	12	50	34	49	
17	3	15	47	46	67	
18	3	20	43	66	96	
19	3	26	41	90	132	
20	3	32	40	114	167	
21	3	38	39	138	202	
22	3	44	38	162	237	
23	4	6	50	22	32	
24	4	8	44	34	49	
25	4	10	40	46	67	
26	4	12	38	58	85	
27	4	15	35	76	111	
28	4	20	33	106	155	
29	4	26	31	142	208	
30	4	32	30	178	261	
31	4	38	29	214	313	
32	4	44	28	250	366	
33	4	4	50	14	20	

**2-1-5 B3 (Special Barcode)****Description**

Draw Special Barcode on the image buffer

**Syntax**

**B3p1,p2,p3.....'DATA'**

**Parameters**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : Special barcode selection

<b>p3</b>	<b>Special Barcode</b>
I	IMB(Intelligent Mail Barcode)
M	MSI Barcode
P	Plessey Barcode
T	TLC39 Barcode
R	RSS Barcode

♦♦ Following parameters (p4, p5 .... ,Data) are barcodes-specific.

See the following pages for details of each special barcodes.

**IMB (p3 = I)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : I (means 'IMB')

**p4** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

**p5** : HRI :

0 : Not Printed

1 : Below the barcode

**'DATA'** : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B3100,100,I,0,1,'0123456709498765432101234567891' // The position is (100,100)**

**MSI Barcode (When p3 is M)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : M (means 'MSI Barcode')

**p4** : Narrow bar width [dot]

**p5** : Wide bar width [dot]

**p6** : Barcode height [dot]

**p7** : Check digit selection

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No check digits
1	1 Mod 10
2	2 Mod 10
3	1 Mod 11 and 1 Mod 10

**p8** : Print check digit in HRI

0 : Not print check digit

1 : Print check digit

**p9** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

**p10** : HRI :

0 : Not printed

1 : Below the bar code

2 : Above the bar code

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B3100,100,M,2,7,150,1,1,0,1,'123456'**

**B3500,100,M,2,7,150,1,1,0,2,'123456'**

**B3100,100,M,2,7,150,1,1,0,1,'123456'**

**B3100,300,M,2,7,150,0,0,0,1,'123456'**

**Plessey Barcode (When p3 is P)**

- p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]
- p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]
- p3** : P (means 'Plessey Barcode')
- p4** : Narrow bar width [dot]
- p5** : Wide bar width [dot]
- p6** : Barcode height [dot]
- p7**: Print check digit
  - 0 : Not print check digit
  - 1 : Print check digit

**p8** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

**p9** : HRI :

- 0 : Not printed
- 1 : Below the bar code
- 2 : Above the bar code

**'DATA'** : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B3450,100,P,2,7,150,1,0,2,'12345'**

**B350,100,P,2,7,150,1,0,1,'12345'**

**TLC39 Barcode (When p3 is T)**

- p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]
- p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]
- p3** : T (means 'TLC39 Barcode')
- p4** : Narrow bar width of the Code39 [dot]
- p5** : Wide bar width of the Code 39[dot]
- p6** : Height of the cod39 [dot]
- p7** : Row height of the Micro PDF417: 1 ~ 255
- p8** : Narrow bar width of the Micro PDF417: 1~ 10
- p9** : Rotation

Value	Rotation
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

- Data structure : ECI Number,Serial Number,Additional data

Data field	Description
ECI Number	<b>ECI Number.</b> If the seventh character is not a comma, only Code 39 prints. This means if more than 6 digits are present, Code 39 prints for the first six digits (and no Micro-PDF symbol is printed). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must be 6 digits.</li> <li>• Firmware generates invalid character error if the firmware sees anything but 6 digits.</li> <li>• This number is not padded.</li> </ul>
Serial Number	<b>Serial number.</b> The serial number can contain up to 25 characters and is variable length. The serial number is stored in the Micro-PDF symbol. If a comma follows the serial number, then additional data is used below. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If present, must be alphanumeric (letters and numbers, no punctuation).</li> <li>• This value is used if a comma follows the ECI number.</li> </ul>
Additional data	<b>Additional data.</b> If present, it is used for things such as a country code. Data cannot exceed 150 bytes. This includes serial number commas. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Additional data is stored in the Micro-PDF symbol and appended after the serial number. A comma must exist between each maximum of 25 characters in the additional fields.</li> <li>• Additional data fields can contain up to 25 alphanumeric characters per field.</li> </ul>

**Example**

**B350,100,T,2,4,50,3,2,0,'123456,ABCD12345678901234,5551212,88899'**

**RSS Barcode (When p3 is R)**

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : R (means 'RSS Barcode')

**p4** : RSS Barcode type

<b>Value</b>	<b>Barcode Type</b>
0	RSS14
1	RSS14 Truncated
2	RSS14 Stacked
3	RSS14 Stacked Omnidirectional
4	RSS Limited
5	RSS Expanded
6	UPC-A
7	UPC-E
8	EAN-13
9	EAN-8
10	UCC/EAN-128 and CC-A/B
11	UCC/EAN-128 and CC-C

**p5** : Magnification: 1 ~ 10

**p6** : Separator height: 1 ~ 2

**p7** : Barcode height [dot]

This parameter only affects the UCC/EAN barcode type and CC-A/B/C barcode type.

**p8** : The segment width: 0 ~ 22 (Even numbers only)

This parameter only affects the RSS Expanded barcode type.

**p9** : Rotation

<b>Value</b>	<b>Rotation</b>
0	No Rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

'DATA' : ASCII data or Binary data.

**Example**

**B350,100,R,0,2,1,20,10,0,'12345678901|this is composite info'**

## 2-1-6 BD (Block Draw)

### Description

Draw Line, Block, Box & Slope on the image buffer

### Syntax

**BD**p1,p2,p3,p4,p5(,p6)

### Parameters

**p1** : Horizontal start position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical start position (Y) [dot]

**p3** : Horizontal end position (X) [dot]

**p4** : Vertical end position (Y) [dot]

**p5** : Options

<b>p5</b>	Type	Additional p6
O	Line Overwriting	Not necessary
E	Line Exclusive OR	Not necessary
D	Line Delete	Not necessary
S	Slope(a oblique line)	Thickness
B	Box	Thickness

---

♣ If p5 is S or B, then additional p6 must follow p5.

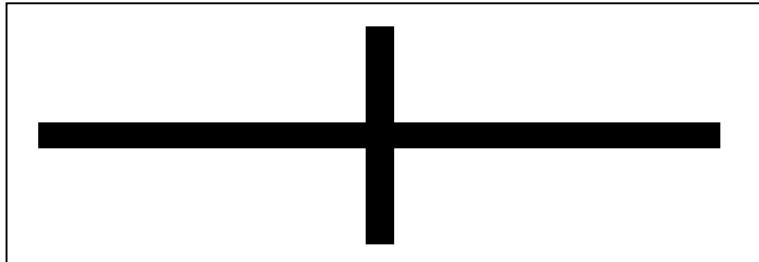
---

## **Example**

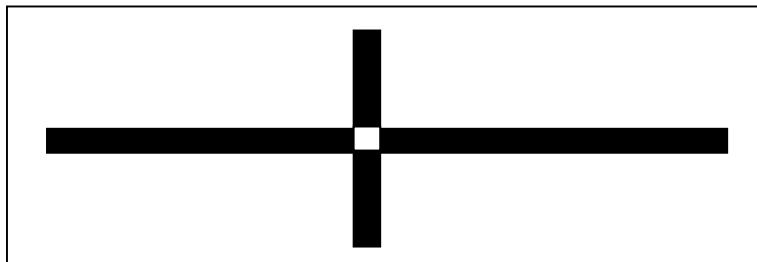
### **1) Start and end position**



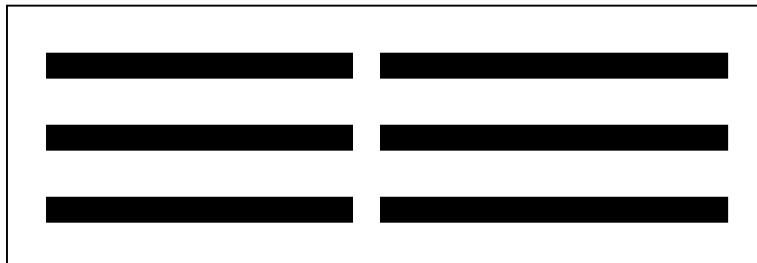
### **2) Overwriting mode(when p5 is O)**



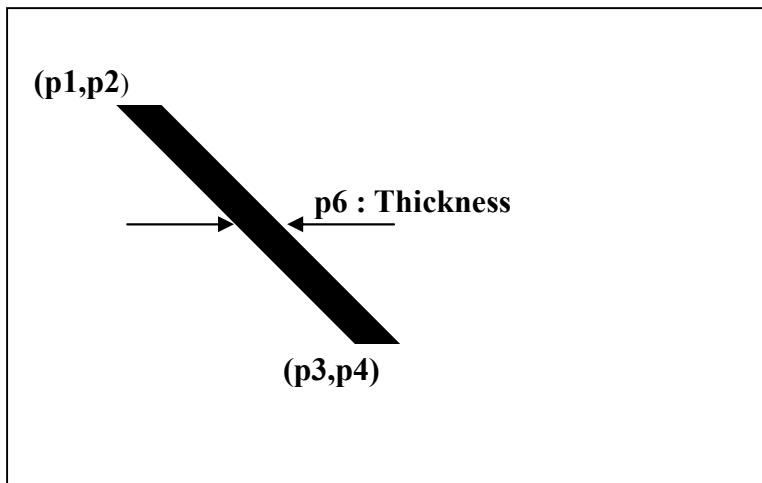
### **3) Exclusive OR mode(when p5 is E)**



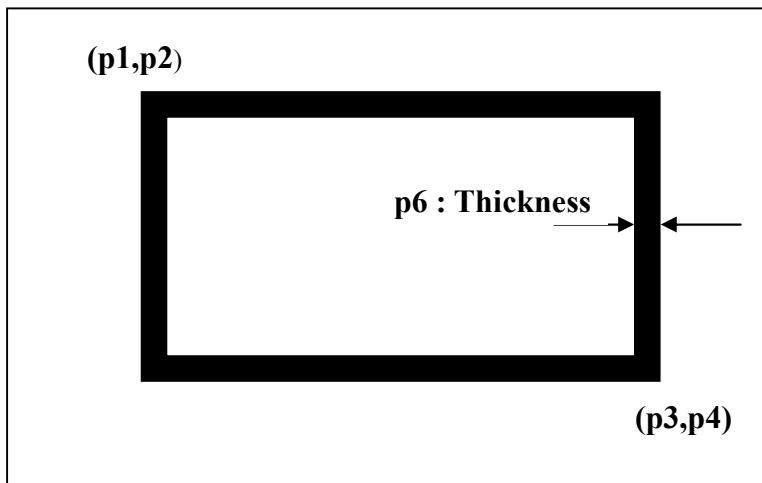
### **4) Delete block mode(when p5 is D)**



**5) Slope block mode(when p5 is S)**



**6) Draw box mode(when p5 is B)**



## 2-1-7 CD (Circle Draw)

### Description

Draw Circle on the image buffer

### Syntax

**CD**p1,p2,p3,p4

### Parameters

**p1** : Horizontal start position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical start position (Y) [dot]

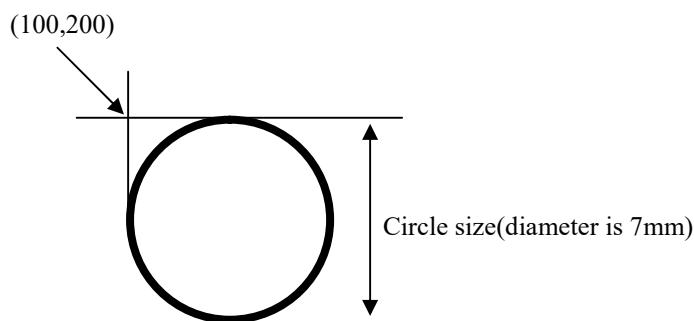
**p3** : Circle Size Selection

Value	Diameter (mm)	Width × Height(dots)
1	5	40 × 40
2	7	56 × 56
3	9	72 × 72
4	11	88 × 88
5	13	104 × 104
6	21	168 × 168

**p4** : Multiplier : 1 ~ 4

### Example

**CD**100,200,2,1



## 2-1-8 CS (Character Set selection)

**Description**

To select international character set and code table.

**Syntax**

**CS***p1,p2*

**Parameters**

**p1** : International Character Set

<b>p1</b>	<b>Country</b>
0	U.S.A
1	France
2	Germany
3	U.K
4	Denmark I
5	Sweden
6	Italy
7	Spain I
8	Norway
9	Denmark II
10	Japan
11	Spain II
12	Latin America
13	Korea
14	Slovenia/Croatia
15	China

**p2 : Code Pages**

<b>p2</b>	<b>Code Table</b>	<b>Language</b>
0	CP437	U.S.A
1	CP850	Latin1
2	CP 852	Latin2
3	CP 860	Portuguese
4	CP 863	Canadian French
5	CP 865	Nordic
6	WCP 1252	Latin I
7	CP 865 + WCP 1252	European Combined
8	CP 857	Turkish
9	CP 737	Greek
10	WCP 1250	Latin 2
11	WCP 1253	Greek
12	WCP 1254	Turkish
13	CP 855	Cyrillic
14	CP 862	Hebrew
15	CP 866	Cyrillic
16	WCP 1251	Cyrillic
17	WCP 1255	Hebrew
18	CP 928	Greek
19	CP 864	Arabic
20	CP 775	Baltic
21	WCP1257	Baltic
22	CP858	Latin 1 + Euro

♣ Default Setting is U.S.A standard (p1=0 and p2=0).

---

♣ European Combined Page

<b>Address</b>	<b>Code Page</b>
0x80	Euro Currency
0x81 ~ 0x9f	PC865
0xA0 ~ 0xff	PC1252

---

Country	International Character Set												
	Hex	23h	24h	40h	5Bh	5C h	5D h	5Eh	60h	7Bh	7C h	7D h	7E
	Dec	35	36	64	91	92	93	94	96	123	123	125	126
U.S.A	#	\$	@	[	\	]	^	`	{		}	~	
France	#	\$	à	°	ç	§	^	`	é	ù	è	“	
Germany	#	\$	§	Ä	Ö	Ü	^	`	ä	ö	ü	ß	
U.K.	£	\$	@	[	\	]	^	`	{		}	~	
Denmark I	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	^	`	æ	ø	å	~	
Sweden	#	¤	É	Ä	Ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	ö	å	ü	
Italy	#	\$	@	°	\	é	^	ù	à	ò	è	ì	
Spain	Pts	\$	@	i	Ñ	¿	^	`	”	ñ	}	~	
Norway	#	¤	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	ø	å	ü	
Denmark II	#	\$	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	ø	å	ü	
Japan	#	\$	@	[	¥	]	^	`	{		}	~	
Spain II	#	\$	á	i	Ñ	¿	é	`	í	ñ	ó	ú	
Latin America	#	\$	á	i	Ñ	¿	é	ü	í	ñ	ó	ú	
Korea	#	\$	@	[	\	]	^	`	{		}	~	
Slovenia/Croatia	#	\$	Ž	Š	Đ	Ć	Č	ž	š	đ	ć	č	
China	#	¥	@	[	\	]	^	`	{		}	~	

ASCII Code  0~31 : Control Code  32~127 : Alphanumeric	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
	0	0														
	1	16	Control Characters													
	2	32	!	"	#	\$	%	&	'	(	)	*	+	,	-	.
	3	48	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=
	4	64	@	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
	5	80	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	[	]	^
	6	96	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
	7	112	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	{	}	~	△

\* Refer to the “Code Pages Manual” for more extension code pages table.

2-1-9 P (Print)

## Description

Let the printer start printing the content of image buffer

## Syntax

**P***p1,[p2]*

## Parameters

**p1** : Number of label sets : 1 ~ 65535

**p2** : Number of copies of each label : 1 ~ 65535

---

♣ The P command cannot be used in a template sequence. If printing command is needed in template sequence, then use the PV command. (See the example of next page)

---

## ! Caution

The 'P' command should be terminated by 'CR'(0x0d).

If not, the printer will not start to print until 'CR' comes.

---

## **Example**

### **(1) In case of Using P (P is used outside of template sequence)**

```
TS'TPL_TST1'                                // Start Template Store
SV00,15,N,'Model Name :'                    // Declare variable V00
T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Model Name :V00    // T command with variable
TE                                         // End Template Store

TR'TPL_TST1"                                // Recall stored template 'TPL_TST1'
?                                           // Get content of variable used in recalled template
LABEL PRINTER                               // Content of variable V00
P3,2                                         // when using P command, It must not be inside
template,                                     // but be used after recalling the template and entering
                                               // the
                                               // contents of all variables.
// After P command, printer starts printing.
```

### **(2) In case of Using PV(PV is used inside of template sequence)**

```
TS'TPL_TST1'                                // Start Template Store
SV00,15,N,'Model Name :'                    // Declare variable V00
SV01,2,N,'# of set :'                     // Declare variable V01
SV02,2,N,'# of copies :'                  // Declare variable V02
T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Model Name :V00    // T command with variable
PVV01,V02                                    // PV command can be used inside the template
TE                                         // End Template Store

TR'TPL_TST1"                                // Recall stored template 'TPL_TST1'
?                                           // Get content of variable used in recalled template
LABEL PRINTER                               // Content of variable V00
3                                           // Content of variable V00
2                                           // Content of variable V00
// As soon as all contents of variables are entered'
// printer will starts printing
```

## **2-2 Media & Buffer Related Commands**

### **1) ST**

Select Thermal Direct/Transfer Printing.

### **2) SM**

Set marginal value in label(Image buffer)

### **3) SF**

Set back-feed option.

### **4) SL**

Set label(Image buffer) length

### **5) SW**

Set label(Image buffer) width

### **6) SB**

Set buffer mode(Enable or disable Double Buffering)

### **7) CB**

Clear Image Buffer

## 2-2-1 ST (Set Printing Type)

### Description

Select Thermal Direct Printing or Thermal Transfer Printing.

### Syntax

**ST***p1*

### Parameters

**p1** : Direct Thermal / Thermal Transfer

- d : Direct Thermal
- t : Thermal Transfer, Not supported

## 2-2-2 SM (Set Margin)

### Description

Set marginal value of the image buffer.

This command moves the origin point (0,0) to (p1,p2) and make (p1,p2) become the new origin.

### Syntax

**SM***p1,p2*

### Parameters

**p1** : Horizontal margin [dots]

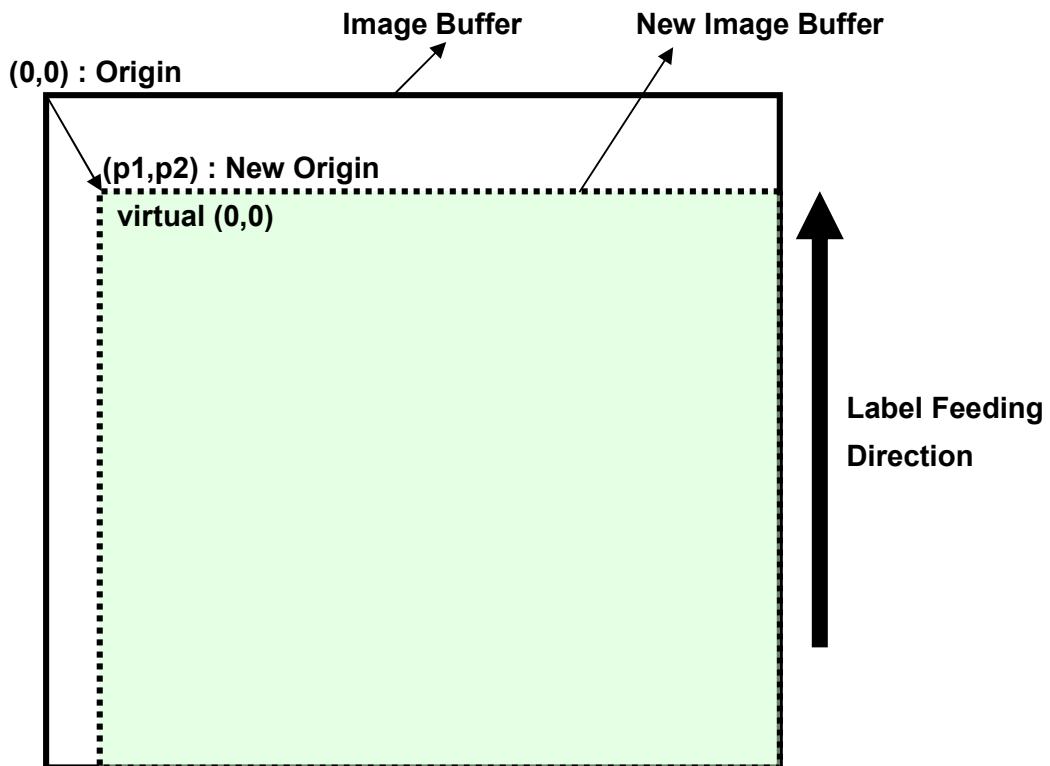
**p2** : Vertical margin [dots]

---

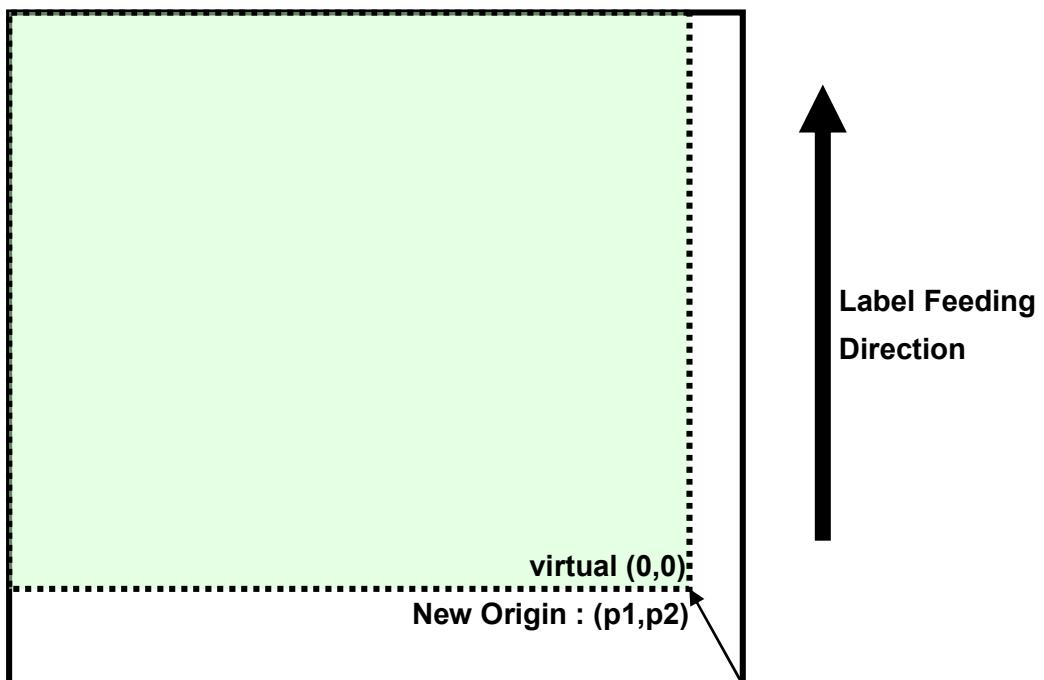
**♣ The origin point is upper-left point of the image buffer**

---

\*\* When printing orientation is from top to bottom



\*\* When printing orientation is from bottom to top.



## 2-2-3 SF (Set Back-Feed Option)

### Description

Set back-feed option.

This command decides whether printer does back-feed action before starting printing.

This command is not supported.

### Syntax

**SF**p1(,p2)

### Parameters

**p1** : Enable/Disable

- 0 : Disable back-feed option.
- 1 : Enable back-feed option(Default)

**p2** : Back feeding step quantity.

- This parameter is valid when p1 is 1.
- The step quantity defined by user can't exceed printer's default feeding quantity.
- 0 means printer's default feeding quantity.

♣ This option is useful for the continuous paper or black mark media with perforation line away from black mark.

♣ The printer's default back feeding step quantity depends on the printer models and printer modes such as normal, peeler or cutter.

### Examples)

SF0	→ Disable Printer's back-feeding option.
SF1	→ Default quantity of Back feed is executed before printing.
SL1,0	→ Default quantity of Back feed is executed before printing.
SL1,100	→ 100 step's Back feed is executed before printing.
SL0,100	→ Back feed is disabled and p2(100) is ignored.

## 2-2-4 SL (Set Length)

### Description

Set length of label and gap(or Black Mark) and specify media type.

### Syntax

**SLp1,p2(,p3)(,p4)**

### Parameters

**p1** : Label length [dots] : Maximum 2432 dots(12 inch)

- ♣ Double buffering feature can be used only when label length(p1) is less than 1216(2432/2, 6inch) dots.
- ♣ If p1 is over 1216 dots, the double buffering feature will be automatically released.
- ♣ So if you don't use double buffering feature, you can design maximum 2432 dots(12 inch) size label.

**p2** : Gap length or thickness of black line [dots]

**p3** : Media Type

<b>p3</b>	<b>Media type</b>
G	Gap
C	Continuous
B	Black Mark

- ♣ If this parameter is not used, automatically set to G(Gap type).
- ♣ The default value of label length is 6 inch(1216 dots)
- ♣ This command sets the length of image buffer and the printer will print and form feed as much as the length set by this command.
- ♣ When using Continuous type media, the label length must be set.

**p4** : Offset Length between Black Mark(or Gap) and perforation line [dots]

- ♣ This parameter is valid when p3 parameter is used.

### Examples)

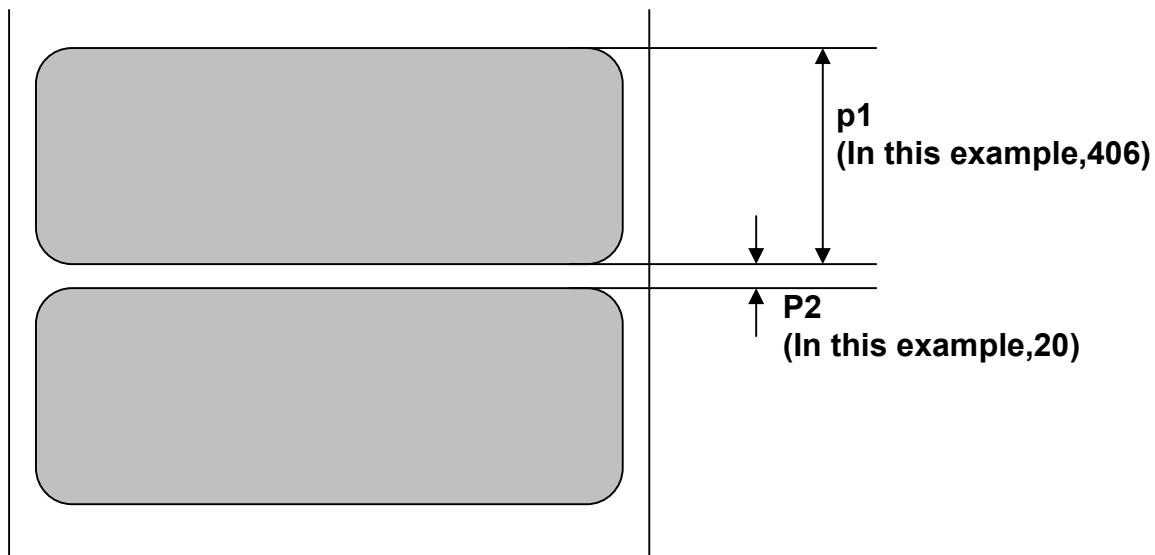
SL1200,20 → Gap media,Media length:1200dots,Gap length:20dots  
 SL1200,20,C → Continuous media,Media length:1200dots,Gap length:20dots  
 SL1200,20,G → Gap media,Media length:1200dots,Gap length:20dots  
 SL1200,20,B → Black Mark media,Media length:1200dots,Gap length:20dots  
*The perforation line is on the black mark.*

SL1200,20,B,200 → Black Mark media,Media length:1200dots,Gap length:20dots  
*The perforation line is 200 dots behind from black mark.*

- 
- ♣ In the Gap Mode, the printer will form feed until meeting the next gap.
  - ♣ In the Continuous Mode, the printer will form feed as much as label length set by SL.
  - ♣ In the B/M Mode, the printer will form feed until meeting the next B/M.
-

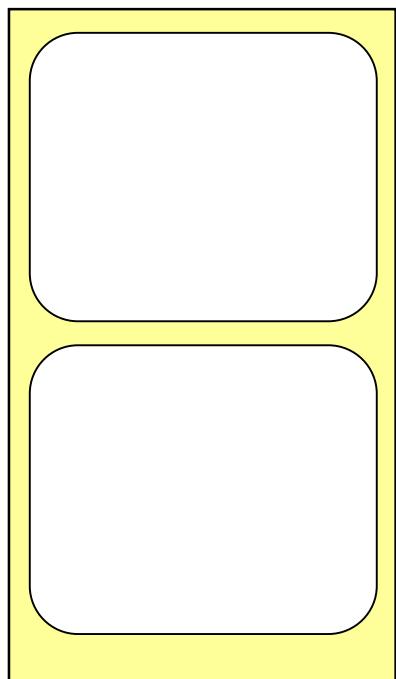
**Example – p1 & p2(Length)**

**SL406,20** // Set label length to 406 dots (2 inch, 50mm) and gap length to 20 dots(2.5mm)

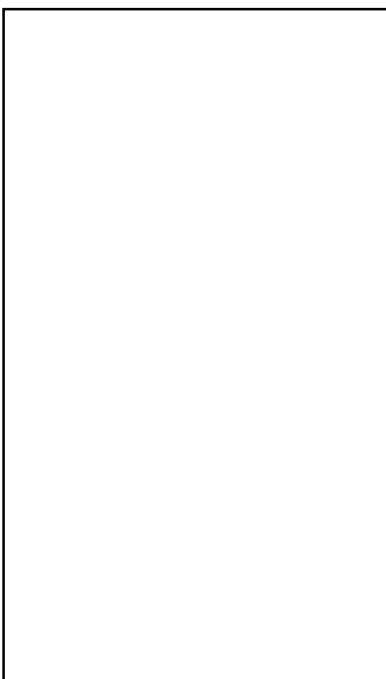


**Example – p3(Media Type)**

1. Gap Type



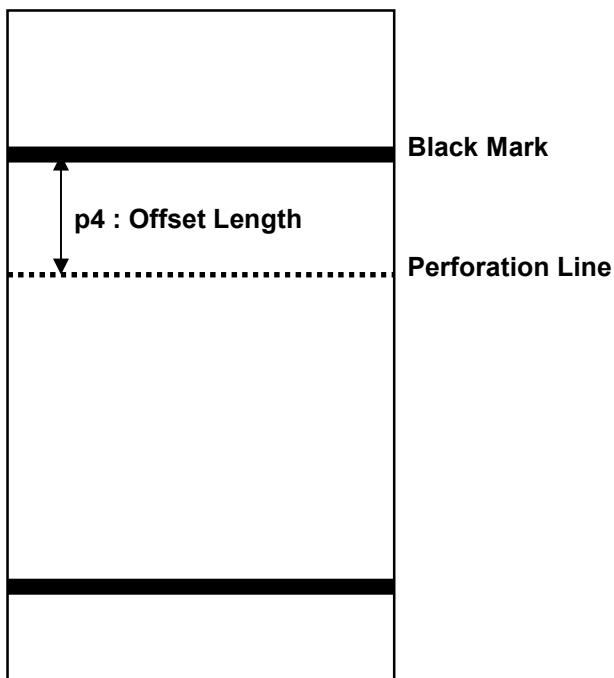
2. Continuous Type



3. Black Mark Type



**Example – p4(Offset Length)**



## 2-2-5 SW (Set Width)

### Description

Set label width.

Resize the image buffer to match the label size.

### Syntax

**SWp1**

### Parameters

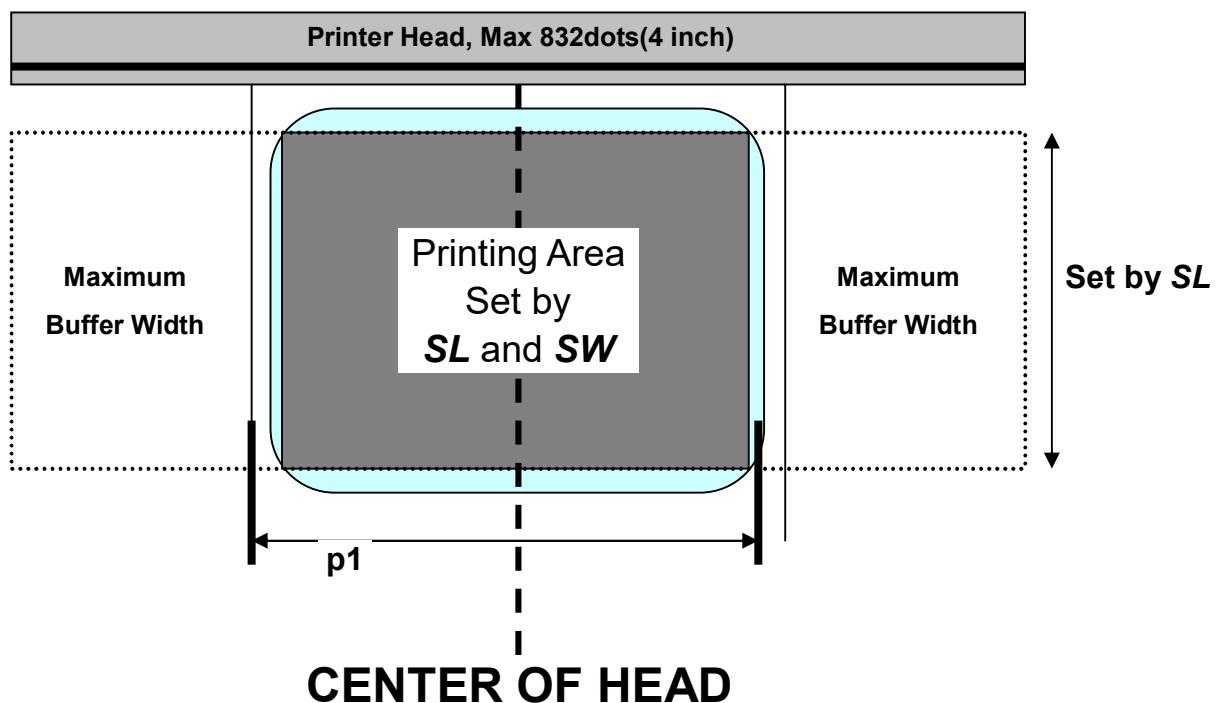
**p1** : Label width [dots]

- ◆ The default value of label width is 4.1 inch( 832 dots) and that is the maximum printable width.
- ◆ Mobile Label Printer is the center aligned printer and media is positioned in the center of the head.

### Example

**SW406**

// Set label width to 2 inch(406 dots)



## 2-2-6 SB (Set Buffer mode)

### Description

Set double buffer mode

### Syntax

**SBp1**

### Parameters

- p1** : Enable ‘**Double Buffering**’ function.
  - 0 : Disable double buffer mode
  - 1 : Enable double buffer mode(Default)

- 
- ♣ Double buffering feature enables the printer to construct the image buffer for the next label while printing the current label.
  - ♣ Double buffering feature can be used only if the label length set by **SL** is less than half of the maximum label length.
- 

## 2-2-7 CB (Clear Buffer)

### Description

Clear image buffer and be ready to make a new label.

### Syntax

**CB**

### Example

**CB** // Clear Image Buffer

## **2-3 Printer Setting Commands**

### **1) SS**

Set printer speed

### **2) SD**

Set printing density

### **3) SO**

Set printing orientation

### **4) SP**

Set serial port

### **5) SA**

Set Offset

### **6) TA**

Set Tear-off/Cut

## 2-3-1 SS (Set Speed)

### Description

Set print speed

### Syntax

**SSp1**

### Parameters

**p1** : Speed set value

Value	Speed
0	2.5 ips
1	3.0 ips
2	4.0 ips
3	5.0 ips

## 2-3-2 SD (Set Density)

### Description

Set printing density

### Syntax

**SDp1**

### Parameters

**p1**: Density Level

- **0 ~ 20** (0 is the lowest density)

**2-3-3 SO (Set Orientation)**

**Description**

Set printing direction

**Syntax**

**SO<sub>p1</sub>**

**Parameters**

**p1** : Printing direction

T : Print from top to bottom(default)

B : Print from bottom to top

**Example**

**SOT** // Print from top of the image buffer to bottom.

**SOB** // Print from bottom of the image buffer to top.

**Printing Direction**

**e\&d**

**PV3**



**1. SOT (Print from Top to Bottom)**

**2. SOB (Print from Bottom to Top)**

2-3-4 SP (Set Port)

**Description**

Set serial port.

**Syntax****SPp1,p2,p3,p4****Parameters****p1** : Baud rate

Value	Baud Rate(bps)
0	9,600
1	19,200
2	38,400
3	57,600
4	115,200

**p2** : Parity

Value	Parity
O	Odd parity
E	Even parity
<b>N</b>	<b>No parity(Default)</b>

**p3** : Number of data bits

Value	Data bits
7	7 bit
<b>8</b>	<b>8 bits (Default)</b>

**p4** : Number of stop bits

Value	Stop bits
<b>1</b>	<b>1 bit(Default)</b>
2	2 bits

## 2-3-5 SA (Set Offset)

### Description

Save (set) offset length between black marks (or gap) and dotted lines [dots]

### Syntax

**SAp1**

### Parameters

p1 : -100~100

---

♣ Offset values saved via the use of SA commands are stored permanently on the printer.  
(Offset values saved via the cf. SL command are reset after the power is turned off.)

---

## 2-3-6 TA (Tear-off/Cutter Position Setting)

### Description

This function regulates the label cutting location After printing.

Tear-off position or Cut position can adjust.

### Syntax

**TAp1**

### Parameters

p1 : -100~100

---

♣ Tear-off/Cutter Position values saved via the use of TA commands are stored permanently on the printer.

---

## **2-4 Variable Related Commands**

### **1) SC**

Counters which is used in template sequence

### **2) AC(Auto Counter)**

Counters which is used in normal commands sequence  
(outside of template sequence)

### **3) SV**

Set variable

### **4) ?**

Get data for counter and variable

### **5) PV**

Print with variables

## 2-4-1 SC (Set Counter)

### Description

Define one counter of total 10 counters.

Counters must be used in Template sequence and execute consecutive auto-numbering function.

### Syntax

**SCp1,p2,p3,p4,'Prompt'**

### Parameters

**p1:** Identity of Counter : 0 ~ 9

♣ Total 10 counters, from C0 to C9, are provided.

**p2:** The size of the field which displays the content of counter : 1 ~ 27

**p3:** Justification in field(Field size is p2)

Value	Justification
N	No
R	Right
L	Left
C	Center

**p4 :** Step Value : ±1 ~ ±9

♣ + or – symbol must precede . Ex) -2 or +3

**'Prompt':** This text string is transmitted to host(PC) by serial interface in order to give information to host about the declared counter.

♣ The data field of T(Text) or B(Barcode) commands is used to print the contents of counter.

♣ SC should be used just in Template sequence. If you want to use counter function in normal mode(not in Template), use the AC(Auto Counter).

### Example

**SC0,7,N,+3,'Please Enter Serial Number'**

## 2-4-2 AC (Auto Counter)

### Description

Define one counter of total 10 counters.

Counters can be used in normal mode(not in Template) and execute consecutive auto-numbering.

### Syntax

**ACp1,p2,p3,'Start Value'**

### Parameters

**p1** : Identity of Counter : 0 ~ 9

♣ Total 10 counters, from C0 to C9, are provided.

**p2** : The size of the field which displays the content of counter : 1 ~ 27

**p3** : Step Value : ±1 ~ ±9

♣ + or – symbol must precede . Ex) –2 or +3

**'Start Value'** : Start value of auto-counting. Just digits can be used in this field

- 
- ♣ The Auto-counter defined by AC command can be printed with T and B1 command.
  - ♣ This function is useful to print serial number or serial barcode without using Template.
  - ♣ AC can not be used in Template sequence. If you want to use counter function in Template sequence, use the SC command.
- 

### Example

**AC0,3,+1,'123'**

// Please input the start value of counting between ‘ marks

**AC1,7,+1,'1234567'**

**T100,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,C0**

**B1100,400,0,2,7,100,0,1,12,C1**

**P3,1**

## 2-4-3 SV (Set Variable)

### Description

Define variables for the text or barcode ‘data’ fields.

### Syntax

**SVp1,p2,p3,'Prompt'**

### Parameters

**p1** : Identity of Variables : 00 ~ 99

**p2** : Maximum number of characters : 1 ~ 99

**p3** : Justification in field(Field size is p2)

Value	Justification
N	No
R	Right
L	Left
C	Center

**‘Prompt’** : This ASCII text field is used to ask a value to be entered for the variable(p1) and is transmitted to the host by serial interface.

- 
- ♣ The data field of T(Text) or B(Barcode) commands is used to print the contents of variable.
  - ♣ Variable is entered to data field like V00 or V01.
- 

### Example

SV01,20,N,'Please Enter Product Code :'

## 2-4-4 ? (Get Variables)

### Description

Use this command to get the content of variables or counters

### Syntax

?

**Content of variable**

**◆ Data must be entered in ascending order**

### Example

<b>TS'Template1'</b>	// Template Store Start
SV00,20,N,'Enter Company Name : '	// Declare(Set) variable V00
SV01,15,N,'Enter Product Code : '	// Declare(Set) variable V01
T50,30,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,V00	// Use T command to print V00
T50,150,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Code : 'V01	// Use T command to print V01
<b>TE</b>	// Template Store End

<b>TR'Template1'</b>	// Recall Template1
?	// Start to get data for variables
SEM	// data for V00
PV3	// data for V01
<b>P1</b>	<b>// Start Printing when the P command comes</b>

### Result

SEM  
Code : PV3

## 2-4-5 PV (Print with Variables)

### Description

This command is used in template sequence.

The parameters are given by variables.

### Syntax

**PVp1,[p2]**

### Parameters

**p1** : Number of label sets : 1 ~ 65535

**p2** : Number of copies of each label : 1 ~ 65535

### Example

**TS'Template1'**

SV00,20,N,'Please Input the Name :'

// Template Store Start

// Declare(Set) variable V00

SV01,5,N,'Input Number of label sets :'

// Declare(Set) variable V01

SV02,5,N,'Input Number of label copies :'

// Declare(Set) variable V02

T50,30,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,V00

// Write V00 to image buffer

**PVV01,V02**

// Print V00, V02 copies, V01 sets

**TE**

// Template Store End

**TR'Template1'**

**?**

// Recall Template1

This is PV Test

// Start to get data for variables

**2**

// data for V00

**1**

// data for V01

// data for V02

**\*\*\* Start Printing as soon as data for all variables(and counters) are entered. \*\*\***

## **2-5 Template Related Commands**

Template(a certain format of label, sequence of SLCS commands) related commands

### **1) TS**

Indicate start of template sequence store.

### **2) TE**

Indicate end of template sequence store.

### **3) TR**

Recall and reuse stored template.

### **4) TD**

Delete stored template.

### **5) TI**

Print the list of all templates stored in memory.

## 2-5-1 TS (Template store Start)

### Description

Start template sequence storing.

All the contents following 'TS' are stored in memory until meeting 'TE' Command.

### Syntax

**TS'Template name'**

### Parameters

'Template name': This name will be used when 'Recall' the stored template.

- ♣ The name is allowed to be up to 10 characters long.
- ♣ The 'Template name' is Case-Sensitive.

---

♣ **TI command shows the list of currently stored Templates.**

---

## 2-5-2 TE (Template store End)

### Description

End template sequence storing

### Syntax

**TE**

---

♣ **When storing is finished, the printer sends '!' to the host to prompt end of storing.**

---

### Example

TS'Template1' // Start template storing

.....

TE // End template storing

## 2-5-3 TR (Template Recall)

### Description

Recall the stored template from memory to make a label and print that.

### Syntax

TR '*Template name*'

### Parameters

**'Template name'** : Indicate the template to be recalled.

- ♣ The name is allowed to be up to 10 characters long.
- ♣ The 'Template name' is Case-Sensitive.

### Example

TR'Template1' // Recall 'Template1'

- 
- ♣ If recalled Template does not include any variable or counter, just 'P' command is enough to start printing.
  - ♣ If recalled Template includes variables or counters but not 'PV'(Print with Variables), use '?' command to get data for variables and counters and finally 'P' command is necessary to start printing.
  - ♣ If recalled Template includes PV commands, printing will start as soon as all data for variables and counters are entered.
-

## 2-5-4 TD (Template Delete)

### Description

Delete stored template from memory

### Syntax

TD '*Template name*'

### Parameters

'**Template name**' : Indicate the template to be deleted.

- ♣ The name is allowed to be up to 10 characters long.
- ♣ The 'Template name' is Case Sensitive.
- ♣ By using \*, all templates will be deleted from memory.

### Example

```
TD'Template1'           // Delete 'Template1'  
TD*                   // Delete all currently stored templates
```

## 2-5-5 TI (Template Information)

### Description

Print list of currently stored templates and available memory space

### Syntax

TI

### Example

TI

### Result

```
Templates Information  
=====  
1. Template1  
2. Template2  
Available template memory : 53Kbyte
```

## **2-6 Image Related Commands**

These commands provide functions to download and print graphic data.

PCX and BMP format file are supported and bitmap image data can be printed directly.

### **1) IS**

Download PCX format image data to NV(Non Volatile) area of memory.

### **2) IR**

Recall and print downloaded image data.

### **3) ID**

Delete image data in NV memory.

### **4) II**

Print all images stored in memory.

### **5) LD**

Draw the bitmap image data directly on specific position on image buffer.

### **6) LC**

Draw compression bitmap image data on specific position of image buffer.

### **7) BMP**

Draw BMP format image file directly on specific position on image buffer.

## 2-6-1 IS (Image Store)

### Description

Download PCX format Image file into the Printer Memory

### Syntax

**IS***p1,'Image name'DATA OF \*.PCX*

### Parameters

**p1** : The size of image file in unit of byte.

**'Image name'** : This is the name that will be used when recalling the stored image data.

♣ The name is allowed to be up to 10 characters long.

♣ The name is case sensitive.

**DATA OF \*.PCX** : Binary data string of PCX file.

## 2-6-2 IR (Image Recall)

### Description

Recall the stored image from memory and draw that on the image buffer.

### Syntax

**IR***p1,p2,'Image name'*

### Parameters

**p1** : Horizontal position (X) [dot]

**p2** : Vertical position (Y) [dot]

**'Image name'** : Indicate the image data to be recalled.

♣ Variable can be used in this field.

♣ The name is allowed to be up to 10 characters long.

♣ This name is Case Sensitive.

### Example

IR30,100,'Image1' // Recall 'Image1'

IR30,100,**V01** // Variable can be used in name field

## 2-6-3 ID (Image Delete)

### Description

Delete stored image from memory

### Syntax

ID '*Image name*'

### Parameters

'**Image name**' : Indicate the Image in memory to be deleted.

- ♣ The name is allowed to be up to 10 characters long.
- ♣ This name is Case Sensitive.
- ♣ By using \*, all images in memory will be deleted.

### Example

```
ID'Image1'          // Delete 'Image1'  
ID*                // Delete all currently stored images
```

## 2-6-4 II (Image Information)

### Description

Print list of currently stored images in memory and available memory space

### Syntax

II

### Example

II

### Result

```
Image Information  
=====  
1. Image1  
2. Image2  
Available Images memory : 5.3Kbyte
```

2-6-5 LD

Draw bitmap image data on specific position of image buffer.

### Syntax

**LDxL xH yL yH dhL dhH dvL dvH d1~dk**

### Parameters

**xL : Low byte of horizontal start position (X) [dot]**

**xH : High byte of horizontal start position (X) [dot]**

→ Start position in x direction =  $xH * 256 + xL$

**yL : Low byte of vertical start position (Y) [dot]**

**yH : High byte of vertical start position (Y) [dot]**

→ Start position in y direction =  $yH * 256 + yL$

**dhL : Low byte of the number of bytes in x-direction.**

**dhH : High byte of the number of bytes in x-direction.**

→ Number of data in x direction =  $dhH * 256 + dhL$

**dvL : Low byte of the number of lines.**

**dvH : High byte of the number of lines.**

→ Number of data in y direction =  $dvH * 256 + dvL$

**d1~dk : bitmap image data.**

→  $k = (dhH*256 + dhL) * (dvH*256 + dvL)$

---

### ! CAUTION

There are no commas(,) and no space between each parameters.

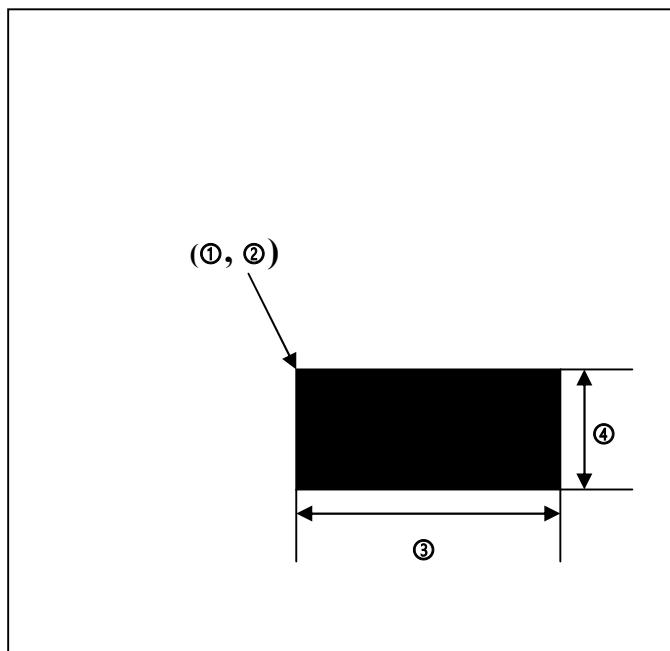
---

## Example

**LD 0x11 0x02 0x40 0x02 0x08 0x00 0x20 0x00 0xFF ~ 0xFF**

①            ②            ③            ④            ⑤

- ① x position :  $0x02 * 0x100(256) + 0x11 = 0x211(529)$
- ② y position :  $0x02 * 0x100(256) + 0x40 = 0x240(576)$
- ③ horizontal data number :  $0x00 * 0x100(256) + 0x08 = 0x08(8)$
- ④ vertical data number :  $0x00 * 0x100(256) + 0x20 = 0x20(32)$
- ⑤ bitmap data : total number =  $8 * 32 = 256$



2-6-6 LC

Draw compression bitmap image data on specific position of image buffer

## Syntax

**LCp1p2xL xH yL yH dhL dhH dvL dvH d1~dk**

## Parameters

p1: Compression type

R: RLE

p2: Color

0x00: black

0x01: Color(red or blue)

xL : **Low byte** of horizontal **start position (X)** [dot]

xH : **High byte** of horizontal **start position (X)** [dot]

→ Start position in x direction =  $xH * 256 + xL$

yL : **Low byte** of vertical **start position (Y)** [dot]

yH : **High byte** of vertical **start position (Y)** [dot]

→ Start position in y direction =  $yH * 256 + yL$

dhL : **Low byte** of the **number of bytes in x-direction.**

dhH : **High byte** of the **number of bytes in x-direction.**

→ Number of data in x direction =  $dhH * 256 + dhL$

dvL : **Low byte** of the **number of lines.**

dvH : **High byte** of the **number of lines.**

→ Number of data in y direction =  $dvH * 256 + dvL$

d1~dk : **Compression bitmap image data.**

→  $k = (dhH*256 + dhL) * (dvH*256 + dvL)$

---

## ! CAUTION

There are no commas(,) and no space between each parameters.

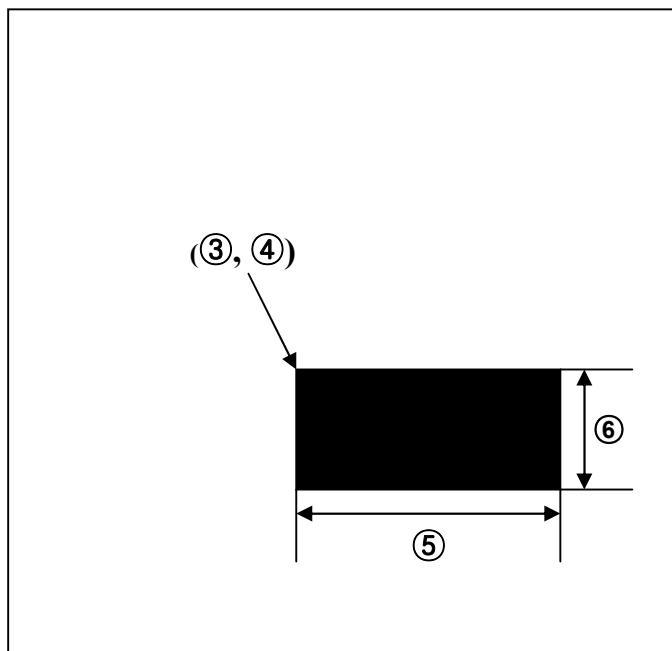
---

## Example

**LC R 0x00 0x11 0x02 0x40 0x02 0x08 0x00 0x20 0x00 0xFF ~ 0xFF**

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)

- ① Compression type : R =RLE
- ② Color : 0x00 = Black
- ③ x position :  $0x02 * 0x100(256) + 0x11 = 0x211(529)$
- ④ y position :  $0x02 * 0x100(256) + 0x40 = 0x240(576)$
- ⑤ horizontal data number :  $0x00 * 0x100(256) + 0x08 = 0x08(8)$
- ⑥ vertical data number :  $0x00 * 0x100(256) + 0x20 = 0x20(32)$
- ⑦ bitmap data : total number =  $8 * 32 = 256$



### RLE compression

This is the algorithm to compress the continuous data.

The compression is applied to 0x00 & 0xff data but not the others.

0xff 0x04 data is created if 0xff is repeated four times like 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00.

In the same way, 0x00 0x04 is created by four times repeats of 0x00 such as 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00.

Here is the example of compression.

Example) 0x78 0x78 0xff 0xff 0xff 0xff 0x22 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00

0x78 0x78 0xff 0x05 0x22 0x00 0x04

## 2-6-7 BMP

**Send BMP format file directly to printer.  
Just white/black BMP file is supported**

### Syntax

**BMP p1,p2↓  
Data string of \*.bmp**

### Parameters

**p1 : Horizontal position (X) [dot]  
p2 : Vertical position (Y) [dot]**

- 
1. ↓ means 'CR(+LF)'
  2. There is comma(,) between p1 and p2.
  3. After p2(Before sending BMP data string) 'CR(+LF)' must follow.
- 

### Example

In dos mode,

**COPY bmp.txt+image2.bmp+P.txt LPT1 /b**

**Bmp.txt**

**BMP200,200 ↓**

**P.txt**

**P1 ↓**

## **2-7 Downloadable font Related Commands**

Download fonts into the printer memory. Users can download special size or special design of ASCII font and use this font with T command.

### **1) DT**

Download True Type Font into Printer Memory

### **2) DD**

Delete downloaded fonts from memory

### **3) DI**

Print all downloaded fonts in memory and available memory space.

## 2-7-1 DT (Download True Type Font)

### Description

Download windows system font into printer memory.

### Syntax

**DT**p1,p2,'Font Name' a<sub>1</sub>b<sub>1</sub>(DATA<sub>1</sub>)a<sub>2</sub>b<sub>2</sub>(DATA<sub>2</sub>)...a<sub>n</sub>b<sub>n</sub>(DATA<sub>n</sub>)

### Parameters

**p1** : Total number of characters to be downloaded: 0~255

**p2** : Font Height: 0~255

**Font name** : A ~ Z

**a<sub>n</sub>** : Character position in ASCII Table(0~255)

**b<sub>n</sub>** : Font width(dots)

**(DATA<sub>n</sub>)** : Character Bitmap Data

Total bytes of bitmap data : **p2 × (b<sub>n</sub>+7)/8** bytes

### Example

44 44 2a 0d 0a 44 54 60 14 27 41 27 DD\*..DT..'A'

20 0b .....

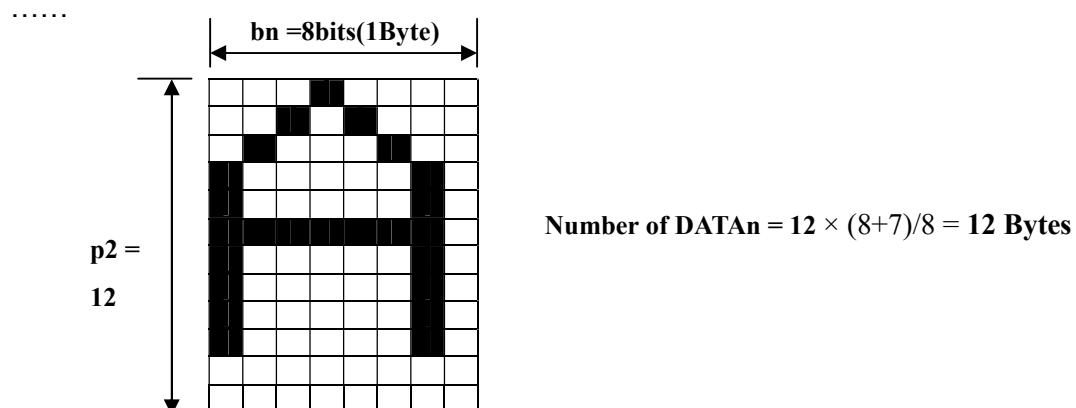
↑ ↑ ↑

a<sub>1</sub> b<sub>1</sub> DATA<sub>1</sub> : p<sub>2</sub> × (b<sub>1</sub>+7)/8 bytes

21 0c .....

↑ ↑ ↑

a<sub>2</sub> b<sub>2</sub> DATA<sub>2</sub> : p<sub>2</sub> × (b<sub>2</sub>+7)/8 bytes



## 2-7-2 DD (Downloaded font Delete)

### Description

Delete downloaded font from memory

### Syntax

**DD '*font name*'**

### Parameters

**'*font name*'** : Indicate the Image in memory to be deleted.(A~Z)

- ♣ This name is Case Sensitive.
- ♣ By using \*, all images in memory will be deleted.
- ♣ You can show the downloaded font list by DI command.

### Example

DD'A'	// Delete downloaded font A
DD*	// Delete all downloaded fonts in memory

## 2-7-3 DI (Downloaded font Information)

### Description

Print list of downloaded font.

### Syntax

**DI**

### Example

**DI**

### Result

```
Download Font Information
=====
Name      w     h     c      Size
=====
C         16    25   128   6400
G         12    24   224  10752
Free Memory           179419
=====
```

♣ **w** : font width,   **h** : font height,   **c**: total number of characters

## **2-8 The Others**

Commands not included in 1 to 7 categories.

### **1) @**

Printer initialization

### **2) PI**

Print information of printer configuration

### **3) CUT**

Enable/Disable Cutting Action

### **4) ^cp**

Check printer status and report 2bytes status data to host.

### **5) ^cu**

Check printer status and report 1byte status data to host.

### **6) ^PI**

Send various printer information to host.

2-8-1 @ (Initialize Printer)

**Description**

Initialize the printer

**Syntax**

@

2-8-2 PI (Printer Information)

**Description**

Print current printer setting.

**Syntax**

PI

## 2-8-3 CUT (Auto-cutter Enable/Disable)

### Description

Enable or Disable Auto-cut action after printing by 'P' command.

This command is not supported.

### Syntax

**CUTp1(p2)**

### Parameters

**p1** : Cutting Action Enable/Disable

y : Enable cutter to act after printing is finished.

n : Disable cutter.

**p2** : Cutting Period

♣ Cutting Period means the number of pages between two cuttings.

♣ This command is not the cutting command itself but cutting enable/disable command.

♣ *Cutting is executed immediately after printing is finished by P command if the cutter option is enabled by this CUT command.*

♣ Last page is always cut.

### Example – p1(Cutter Enable/Disable)

Cutting is executed after Printing is finished	Cutting is not executed after Printing is finished
T20... B130... BD... ... <b>CUTy</b> P1	T20... B130... BD... ... <b>CUTn</b> P1

### Example – p2(Cutting Period)

CUTy	// Cut every page
CUTy,1	// Cut every page
CUTy,2	// Cut every 2 pages
CUTy,4	// Cut every 4 pages

## 2-8-4 ^cp (Check Printer Status and Report 2 bytes)

**Description**

Check printer status and report 2bytes status data to host.

**Syntax**

**^cp**

**Return Value**

## 1. Format

**<1<sup>st</sup> Byte> <2<sup>nd</sup> Byte>**

## 2. Table

Return Values		Description	Hex
Byte	bit		
1st Byte	7	Paper Empty	0x80
	6	Cover Open	0x40
	5	Motor overheat.	0x20
	4	Thermal Head(TPH) overheat.	0x10
	3	Gap Detection Error(Auto-sensing failure)	0x08
	2	Not assigned	0x04
	1	Not assigned	0x02
	0	Not assigned	0x01
2nd Byte	7	On building label to be printed in image buffer.	0x80
	6	On printing label in image buffer	0x40
	5	Issued label is paused in peeler unit.	0x20
	4	Not assigned	0x10
	3	Not assigned	0x08
	2	Not assigned	0x04
	1	Not assigned	0x02
	0	Not assigned	0x01

## 3. Examples

When Return Values are		Printer Status is
1st Byte	2nd Byte	
0x00	0x00	No Error. The printer is ready to build and print label.
0x80	0x00	No paper is installed in printer.
0x80	0x40	Paper roll out while printing label. When new paper roll is loaded, the printer will re-issue the last label.
0x60	0x40	While printing, cover is opened (by user).

## 2-8-5 ^cu (Check Printer Status and Report 1 byte)

**Description**

Check printer status and report 1 byte status data to host.

**Syntax**

**^cu**

**Return Value**

## 1. Format

**<1<sup>st</sup> Byte>**

## 2. Table

Return Values		Description	Hex
Byte	bit		
1st Byte	7	Paper Empty	0x80
	6	Cover Open	0x40
	5	Motor overheat	0x20
	4	Thermal Head(TPH) overheat.	0x10
	3	Gap Detection Error(Auto-sensing failure)	0x08
	2	Not assigned	0x04
	1	Not assigned	0x02
	0	Not assigned	0x01

## 2-8-6 ^PI (Send Printer information to host)

**Description**

Send various printer information such as model name, firmware version, statistics data or so to host.

**Syntax**

**^PIp1(,p2)(,p3)**

**Parameters**

**p1** : items to be reported.

0 : Model Name

1 : Model Type : Disabled

2 : F/W Version

3: None

4 : Mechanical conditions of printer

<b>p2</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Unit</b>
0	TPH temperature	□
1	Printing density (density)	—
2	Tear-off/cutter position	dot

**Return Value Format**

<b>Items</b>	<b>Return Format</b>	<b>Example</b>
Model Name	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“PV3” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Model Type	Disabled	
F/W Version	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“1.23” + 0x0d + 0x0a
TPH temperature	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“85” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Printing density (density)	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“17” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Paper Width	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“832” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Paper Length	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“1200” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Gap Length	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“24” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Paper Horizontal Margin	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“10” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Paper vertical Margin	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“12” + 0x0d + 0x0a
Tear-off/cutter position	Character String + 0x0d + 0x0a	“+80” + 0x0d + 0x0a

### **3. Programming Example**

#### **3-1 Example) T\_resident**

```
SS3                                // Set Speed to 5 ips
SD20                               // Set Density level to 20
SW800                               // Set Label Width 800
SOT                                 // Set Printing Orientation from Top to Bottom
T26,20,0,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Font - 6 pt'
T26,49,1,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Font - 8 pt'
T26,81,2,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Font - 10 pt'
T26,117,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Font - 12 pt'
T26,156,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,'Font - 15 pt'
T26,200,5,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Font - 20 pt'
T26,252,6,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Font - 30 pt'
P1
```

#### **Result**

Font – 6 pt  
Font – 8 pt  
Font – 10 pt  
Font – 12 pt  
**Font – 15 pt**

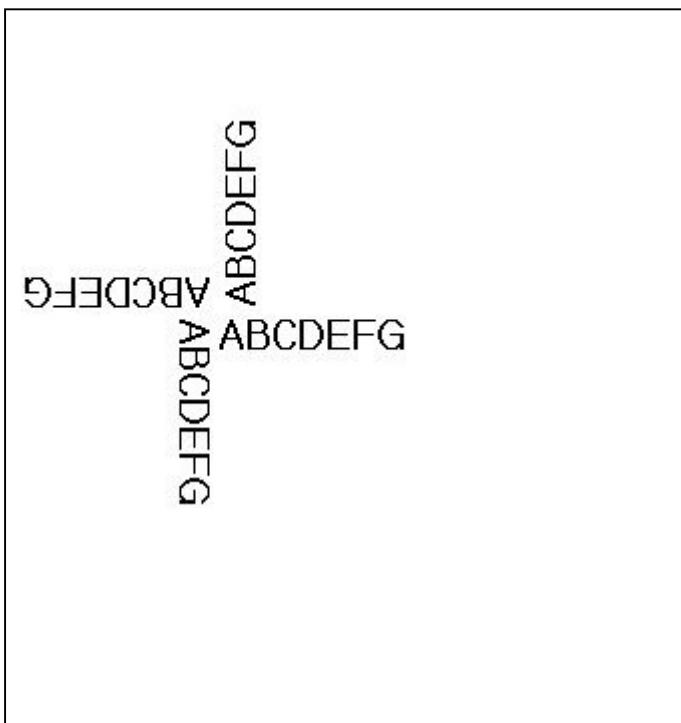
**Font – 20 pt**

**Font – 30 pt**

**3-2 Example) T\_Rotate4**

SS3  
SW832  
T300,500,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'ABCDEFG'  
T300,500,4,1,1,0,1,N,N,'ABCDEFG'  
T300,500,4,1,1,0,2,N,N,'ABCDEFG'  
T300,500,4,1,1,0,3,N,N,'ABCDEFG'  
P1

**Result**



### **3-3 Example) V\_resident**

```
SS3                                // Set speed to 5 ips
SD20                               // Set density to 20
SW800                               // Set label width to 800
SOT                                 // Set printing direction to from top to bottom
V50,100,U,25,25,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'
V50,200,U,35,35,-1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'
V50,300,U,35,35,+1,B,R,I,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test '
V50,400,U,45,25,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'
V50,500,U,25,45,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'Vector Font Test'
V50,700,U,65,65,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO'
V50,900,U,65,65,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'abcdefghijklmno'
P1
```

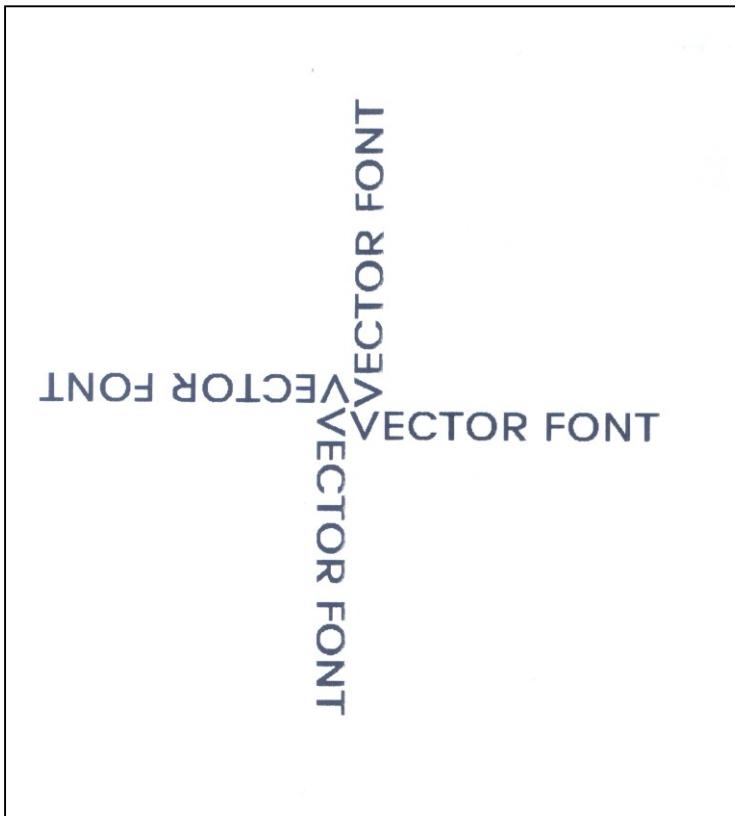
## **Result**



**3-4 Example) V\_Rotate4**

```
SS3
SW832
V400,500,U,45,40,+1,N,N,N,0,L,0,'VECTOR FONT'
V400,500,U,45,40,+1,N,N,N,1,L,0,'VECTOR FONT'
V400,500,U,45,40,+1,N,N,N,2,L,0,'VECTOR FONT'
V400,500,U,45,40,+1,N,N,N,3,L,0,'VECTOR FONT'
P1
```

**Result**



**3-5 Example) Code39**

SM10,0

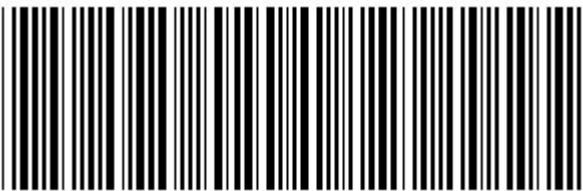
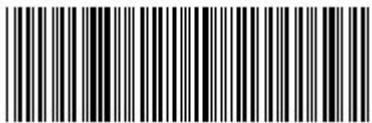
**B178,196,0,2,6,100,0,0'1234567890'**

**// Caution : The position is not  
(178,196) but (78,196).**

**B150,468,0,4,10,200,0,0'1234567890'**

P1

**Result**



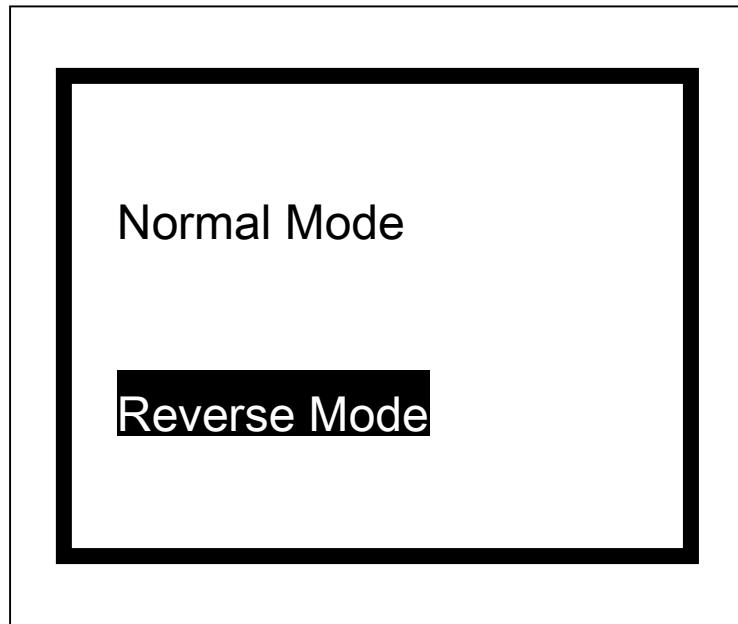
**3-6 Example) BD1**

```
SS3          // Set Speed to 5 ips  
SD20         // Set Density level to 20  
SW800        // Set Label Width to 800
```

```
BD50,50,750,500,B,20  
T100,150,5,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Normal Mode'  
T100,300,5,1,1,0,0,R,N,'Reverse Mode'
```

```
SOT  
P1
```

**Result**



**3-7 Example) BD3**

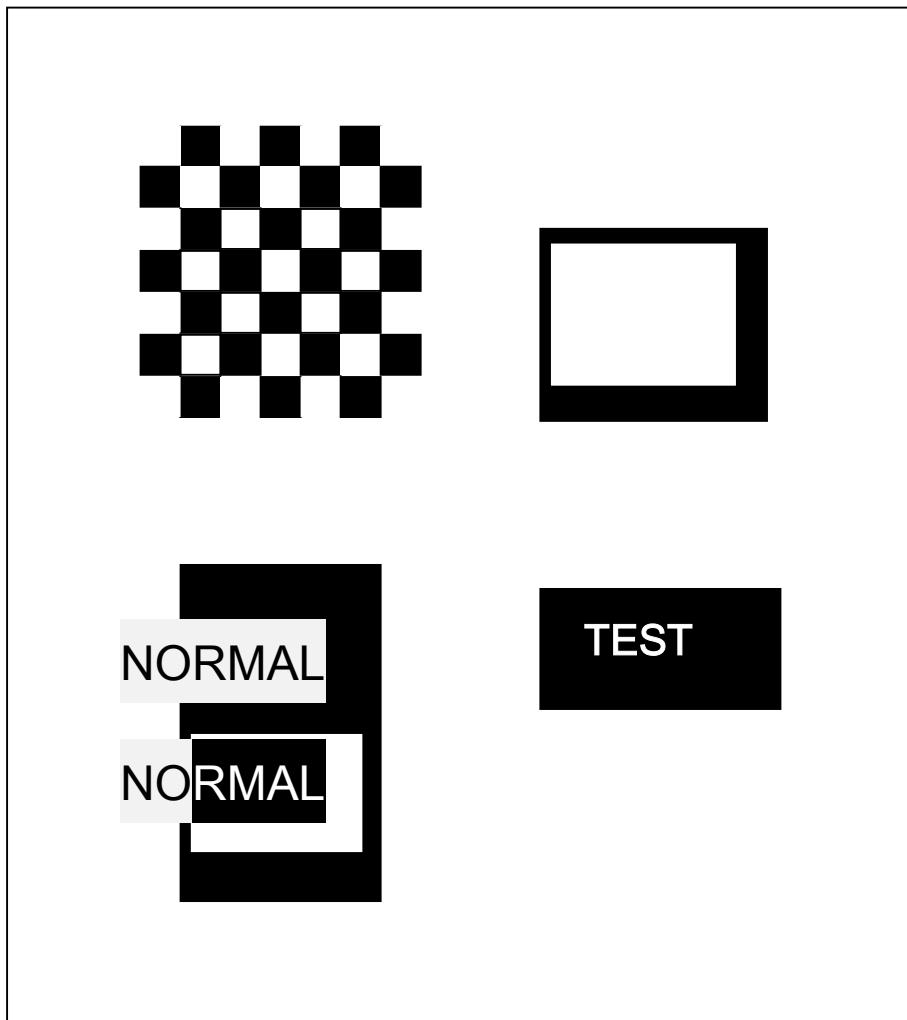
```
SS3                                // Set Printing Speed to 5 ips
SD20                               // Set Printing Density level to 20
SW800                              // Set Label Width to 800

BD50,100,400,150,O                // Draw a block in Overwriting Mode
BD50,200,400,250,O
BD50,300,400,350,O
BD100,50,150,400,E               // Draw a block in Exclusive OR mode
BD200,50,250,400,E
BD300,50,350,400,E
BD500,200,700,400,O
BD510,210,670,370,D              // Draw a block in Delete mode, namely Erase block
                                   area

BD100,600,350,1000,O
T50,700,5,1,1,0,0,N,N,'NORMAL'   // Write Text data on image buffer
T50,800,5,1,1,0,0,N,N,'NORMAL'
BD110,780,340,900,E
T500,700,5,1,1,0,0,n,N,'TEST'
BD480,680,700,800,E

SOT                                // Set Printing Orientation from Top to Bottom
P1                                 // Start Printing
```

## **Result**



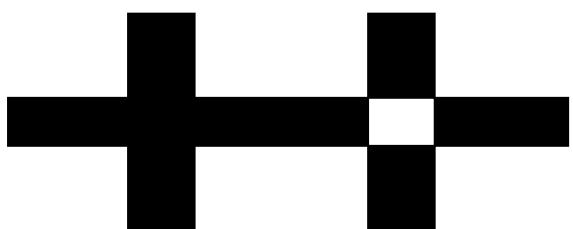
**3-8 Example) BD4**

SW800  
SM10,0

BD100,300,550,330,O                    // Overwrite mode  
BD200,200,250,430,O                    // Overwrite mode  
BD400,200,450,430,E                    // Exclusive OR mode

P1

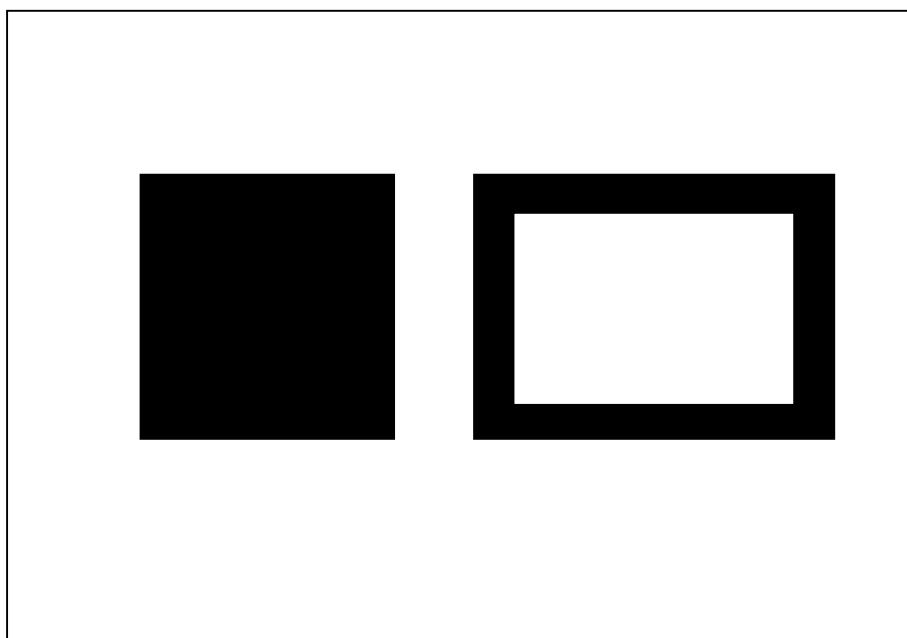
**Result**



**3-9 Example) BD5**

CB  
SW800  
SM10,0  
BD100,300,300,500,O  
**BD400,300,700,500,B,30** // Box mode, additional parameter follows  
P1

**Result**



**3-10 Example) Slope**

CB  
SS3  
SD20  
SW8000

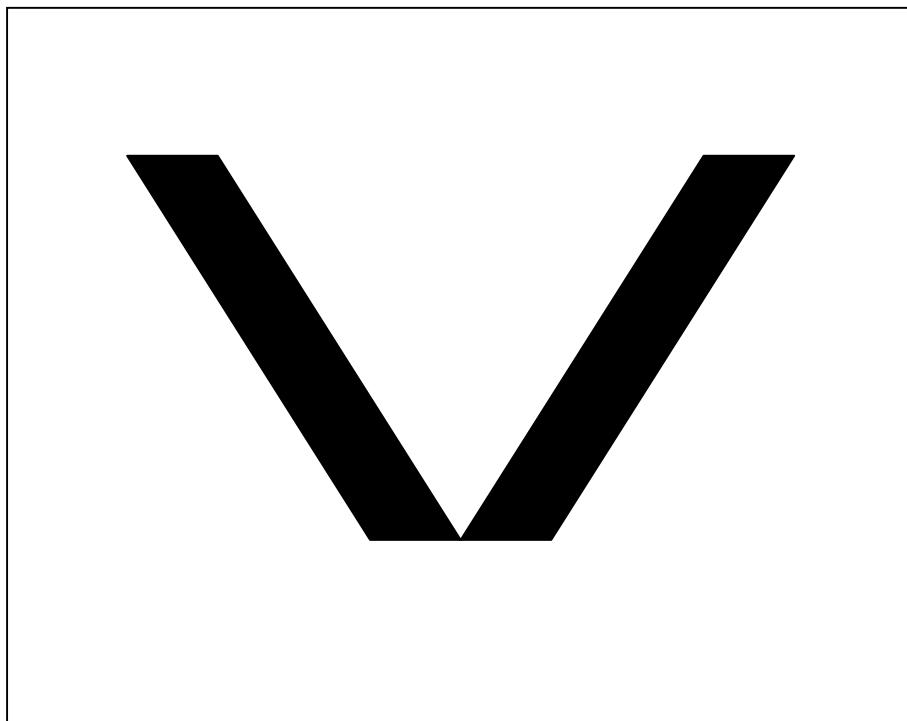
BD100,300,300,800,**S,100**

**// Slope mode, additional parameter follows**

BD600,300,400,800,**S,100**

P1

**Result**



**3-11 Example) SW&SL**

CB

SS3

SD20

**SW800** // Set Label Width to 800

**SL300,10,C** // Continuous type

BD0,0,800,300,B,10

T30,40,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'SW=800, SL=300, Continuous'

P1

**SW600**

**SL500,10,C**

BD0,0,600,500,B,10

T30,40,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'SW=600, SL=500'

T30,100,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Continuous'

P1

**SW400**

**SL800,10,C**

BD0,0,400,800,B,10

T30,40,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'SW=400'

T30,90,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'SL=800'

T30,140,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Continuous'

P1

**Result**

**SW = 800, SL=300, Continuous**

**SW = 600, SL=500,  
Continuous**

**SW= 400,  
SL = 800,  
Continuous**

**3-12 Example) TEST00\_TS**

```
TD'Test00'                                // Template Delete
TS' Test00'                                 // Start Template Store

SV00,15,N,'Manufacturer :'
SV01,15,R,'Model Name :'
T50,100,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Manufacturer :V00 // Print variable V00 with some text string
T50,150,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Model Name :V01 // Print variable V01 with some text string
T50,300,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,V00                 // Print variable V00 only
T50,350,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,V01                 // Print variable V01 only

TE                                         // End Template Store

TI                                         // Print and show all templates in memory
```

**Result**

Templates Information =====	
1. Test 1 ◀	Stored in past time
2. Test0 ◀	Stored in this time
Available template memory : 5.3Kbyte	

**3-13 Example) TEST00\_TR**

```
TR'Test00'                                // Recall Stored template 'Test00'  
?  
SEM                                         // Content for V00  
LABEL PRINTER                               // Content for V01  
  
P1                                           // Print
```

**Result**

Manufacturer : SEM	←	No Justification
Model Name :	LABEL PRINTER ←	Right Justification
SEM	←	Right Justification
LABEL PRINTER	←	No Justification

**3-14 Example) TEST04\_TS**

```
TS'Test04'                                // Start Template Store

CB                                         // Clear Image Buffer
SS3                                        // Set Speed to 5 ips
SD20                                       // Set Density level 20
SW800                                       // Set Label Width to 800
SOT                                         // Set Printing Orientation from Top to Bottom(Default)

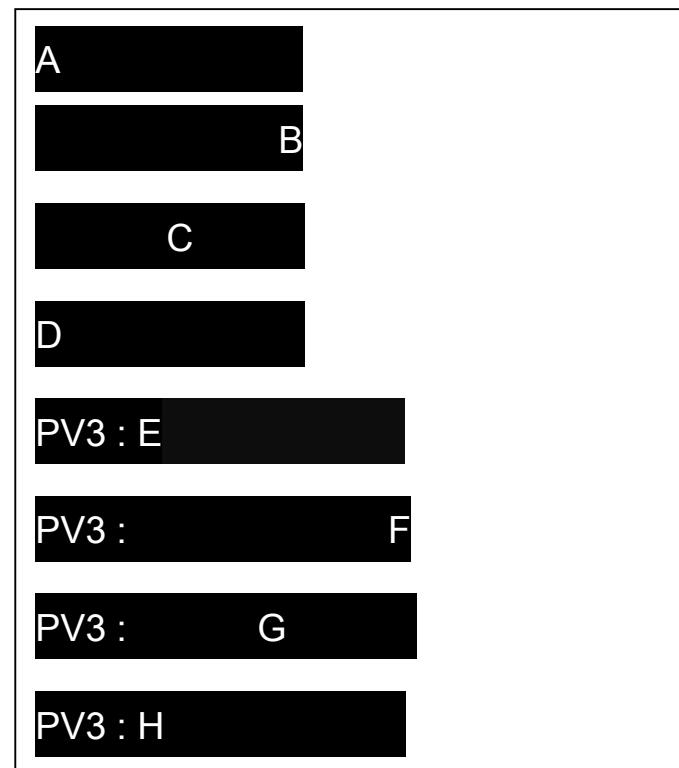
SV00,15,L,'prompt'                         // Declare variable V00, field size:15, Left justification
SV01,15,R,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V01, field size:15, Right justification
SV02,15,C,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V02, field size:15, Center
                                             justification
SV03,15,N,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V03, field size:15, No justification
SV04,15,L,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V04, field size:15, Left justification
SV05,15,R,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V05, field size:15, Right justification
SV06,15,C,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V06, field size:15, Center
                                             justification
SV07,15,N,'prompt'                          // Declare variable V07, field size:15, No justification

T26,50,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,V00                   // Print variable only
T26,100,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,V01
T26,150,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,V02
T26,200,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,V03
T26,250,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,' PV3 :V04 // Print variable with fixed text data
T26,300,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,' PV3 :V05
T26,350,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,' PV3 :V06
T26,400,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,' PV3 :V07

TE                                         // End Template Store
```

**3-15 Example) TEST04\_TR**

```
TR'Test04'      // Recall Template  
  
?              // Start Get values for variables  
A              // data for variable V00  
B              // data for variable V00  
C  
D              .  
E              .  
F              .  
G  
H              // data for variable V07  
  
P1             // Start Printing
```



**3-16 Example) IR1**

```
IR130,400,'SATO'          // Recall stored image data  
P1                         // Printing
```

*!!! Use the PCXDown utility when you download the pcx image file to printer memory. Refer to IS command.*

**Result**



**3-17 Example) TEST10\_TS**

```
TS'Test10'                                // Start Template Store

CB                                         // Clear Image Buffer
SS3                                        // Set Speed to 5 ips
SD20                                       // Set Density to 20
SW800                                       // Set Label Width to 800
SOT                                         // Set Printing Orientation from Top to bottom

SV00,15,C,'prompt'                      // Declare Variable 00
SV01,15,N,'prompt'                      // Declare Variable 01
SV02,10,N,'prompt'                      // Declare Variable 02

T130,250,5,1,1,0,0,R,N,V00              // Print Content of V00
T250,600,5,1,1,0,0,N,N,V01              // Print Content of V01
IR130,400,V02                           // Use V02 as Image Name

TE                                         // End Template Store
```

**3-18 Example) TEST10\_TR**

(File location : CD\Testfile\Template\Test10\TEST10\_TR.txt)

```
TR'Test10'                                // Recall Template

?                                         // Start Get data for variables
SATO // data for V00
PV3 // data for V01
SATO // data for V02(Image Name)

P1                                         // Start Printing
```



**3-19 Example) TEST11\_TS**

```
TS'Test11' // Start Template Store

CB // Clear Image Buffer
SS3 // Set Printing Speed to 5 ips
SD20 // Set Density to 20
SW800 // Set Label Width to 800
SOT // Set Printing Orientation from Top to Bottom
SC0,4,L,+1,'COUNTER1' // Declare Counter 0, Field=4, Step:+1,Left Justi.
SC1,4,N,-1,'COUNTER2' // Declare Counter 1, Field=4, Step: -1,No Justi.
T50,50,4,1,1,0,0,N,N,'Serial Number : 'C0 // Print Counter 0
T50,150,4,1,1,0,0,R,N,'Serial Number : 'C1 // Print Counter 1

TE // End of Template Store
```

Serial Number : 0001

Serial Number : 9999

Serial Number : 0002

Serial Number : 9998

Serial Number : 0003

Serial Number : 9997

Serial Number : 9999

Serial Number : 0001

Serial Number : 0000

Serial Number : 0000

Serial Number : 0001

Serial Number : 9999

**3-20 Example) TEST11\_TR**

```
TR'Test11' // Recall Template

? // Start Get values for variables
0001 // data for Counter 0
9999 // data for Counter 1
P3,1

?

9999
0001
P3,1
```

**3-21 Example) SLCS\_SATO**

SM10,21  
SS3  
SD20  
SW832  
SOT  
CS0,0

BD18,14,798,164,O  
T400,62,4,2,2,0,0,R,B,'SATO'  
T65,98,3,1,1,0,0,R,B,'SATO Label'  
T20,276,3,1,1,1,0,N,N,' SATO'  
T20,306,3,1,1,1,0,N,N,' Yeongtong Dong'  
T20,336,3,1,1,1,0,N,N,' Sowon City,South Korea'  
T22,218,4,1,1,0,0,N,B,'SHIP TO:'  
BD18,410,784,415,O  
BD553,197,558,413,O  
B169,458,0,4,8,137,0,0,0,'\*1234567890\*'  
T26,421,1,1,1,0,0,N,N,'POSTAL CODE:'  
BD18,616,784,621,O  
BD20,781,786,786,O  
T503,798,1,1,1,0,0,N,N,'DESTINATION:'  
T42,841,5,1,1,0,0,N,B,'30 Kg'  
BD18,928,784,933,O  
T25,798,1,1,1,0,0,N,N,'WEIGHT:'  
T259,798,1,1,1,0,0,N,N,'DELIVERY NO:'  
T23,630,1,1,1,0,0,N,N,'AWB:'  
BD241,783,246,932,O  
BD486,784,491,933,O  
T274,841,5,1,1,0,0,N,B,'425518'  
T104,627,3,1,1,0,0,N,N,'8741493121'  
T565,841,5,1,1,0,0,N,B,'ICN'  
B1127,672,4,4,8,90,0,0,0,'8741493121'  
B2560,180,M,0,'999,840,06810,7317,THIS IS A TEST OF MODE 0 STRUCTURED CARRIER  
MESSAGE ENCODING. THIS IS AN 84 CHAR MSG'  
B280,960,P,30,10,0,0,0,1,3,14,0,'SATO Label Printer, This is Test Printing.'

P1